Wiltshire Record Society
(formerly the Records Branch of the Wiltshire Archaeological and Natural History Society)

VOLUME XLIII
FOR THE YEAR 1987

Impression of 500 copies
# CONTENTS

*Preface*  \hspace{1cm} *page* ix  

*List of Abbreviations*  \hspace{1cm} x  

**INTRODUCTION**  \hspace{1cm} xi  

- Sir Edward Bayntun  \hspace{1cm} xi  
- The Commonplace Book  \hspace{1cm} xiii  
- Description and History  \hspace{1cm} xiii  
- Compilation  \hspace{1cm} xiv  
- Content: family affairs  \hspace{1cm} xv  
- Content: the Bayntun estate  \hspace{1cm} xvi  
- Content: local government  \hspace{1cm} xviii  
- Content: national politics  \hspace{1cm} xviii  
- Content: mad dogs and Machiavelli  \hspace{1cm} xx  
- Additions and annotations  \hspace{1cm} xx  
- Editorial method  \hspace{1cm} xxi  

**THE BOOK**  \hspace{1cm} 1  

**INDEX OF PERSONS AND PLACES**  \hspace{1cm} 59  

**INDEX OF SUBJECTS**  \hspace{1cm} 69  

*List of Members*  \hspace{1cm} 71  

*List of Publications*  \hspace{1cm} 79
PREFACE

With this forty-third volume the Society, founded in 1938 as the Records Branch of the Wiltshire Archaeological and Natural History Society, and becoming independent in 1967, has reached its fiftieth year.

The editing of this Commonplace Book was first suggested to Dr Freeman by Ralph Pugh, the late President of the Society. She would like to express her thanks to the Wiltshire Record Office for allowing the manuscript to be deposited in London to enable her to work on it, and to her colleagues of the Wiltshire Victoria County History for helpful suggestions on various points.

J. L. KIRBY
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used in footnotes:

Cal. S. P. Dom.  Calendar of State Papers Domestic

Cal. Pat.  Calendar of Patent Rolls

Complete Peerage  G. E. Cokayne and others, Complete Peerage (1910–40)

D.N.B.  Dictionary of National Biography

Endowed Char. Wilts.  Endowed Charities of Wiltshire, H.C. 273 (1908), lxxx (northern division)

Hist. Parl., Commons, 1660–90  History of Parliament, Commons, 1660–90, ed. B. D. Henning

P.R.O.  Public Record Office

V.C.H. Wilts.  Victoria County History of Wiltshire

W.A.M.  Wiltshire Archaeological and Natural History Magazine
The volume entitled 'the Commonplace Book of Sir Edward Bayntun of Bromham' is not a commonplace book in the accepted sense; few of the entries are extracts from works of literature or scholarship. It was, however, compiled chiefly, if not solely, by Sir Edward Bayntun (1618–79); the majority of entries concern his estates, his family, and his part in local and national politics.

Sir Edward Bayntun

Writing in the mid 17th century Algernon Sidney set the Bayntuns among those families 'that are now called commoners who in antiquity and eminency are in no way inferior to the chiefs of the titular nobility... And if the tenures of their estates be considered, they have the same and as ancient as any of those that go under the name of duke or marquess.' The family had been established in Wiltshire since the mid 15th century. After the Dissolution of the Monasteries they added greatly to their estates and in the 17th century their lands lay chiefly in north Wiltshire, in Bromham, their home since the earlier 16th century, and in the surrounding parishes. (7, 31, 92, 101)

Sir Edward Bayntun (d. 1657) (18), father of the compiler of the Commonplace Book, lived in the great 16th-century house at Bromham which John Leland had compared with the palace of Whitehall. A man of arrogant and uncertain temper, he was often at odds with his neighbours, and his public career, both in county government and as an M.P., was fraught with disputes. He commanded a force for parliament in the early part of the first Civil War, but withdrew from active soldiering after a quarrel with his neighbour and fellow commander Sir Edward Hungerford. His withdrawal and subsequent approaches to the king did not save Bromham House from destruction by royalist troops in 1645. By 1654 a new house, 'of 2 low storeys on the precipice of an incomparable prospect... like a long barn', had been built north of Bromham village. That house, Spye Park, was to be

1 The spelling 'Bayntun', used by Sir Edward throughout the Commonplace Book, has been retained in this edition, in preference to 'Baynton' used e.g. V.C.H. Wilts. vii. 179–80.
3 V.C.H. Wilts. vii. 179.
4 Ibid.
5 Ibid. v. 132–41; W.A.M. xv. 322.
6 V.C.H. Wilts. vii. 179.
the home of his son and heir, who came to be known as Sir Edward Bayntun of Spye Park.

The younger Edward, born in 1618, is recorded as attending St. John’s College, Oxford, in 1636, and Lincoln’s Inn in 1638. Returning to Wiltshire, he was elected in 1640 to the Short Parliament and subsequently to the Long Parliament as a member for Devizes. Like his father he joined the parliamentary army; he held the rank of captain of horse in 1642, that of major in 1644. He combined with his military duties service on parliamentary committees and local commissions. In 1647 he was forced to withdraw from the House of Commons, and, although readmitted in June 1648, was again excluded, this time with the majority of the members, at Pride’s Purge in the following December. Unlike his father, he played no later part in the Rump Parliament. He did, however, continue to hold local office, and was elected as M.P. for Devizes in the Protectorate parliament of 1654, and as member for Calne in those of 1659 and 1660. (5–6, 8)

On 18 April 1661 Bayntun, with 67 others, received the knighthood of the Bath, in preparation for the coronation of Charles II. (20–1)1 The honour was perhaps accorded in recognition of the position which Bayntun had occupied since his father’s death three years earlier, as head of one of the county’s most important families. It may also have represented an attempt to woo a distinguished former adherent of the parliamentary cause to the new regime. Just over a month later, on 29 May, Sir Edward married Stuart or Stuarta, daughter of Sir Thomas Thynne of Richmond, Surrey.1 By 1670 they had two sons, Henry and Thomas, and two daughters, Ann and Lucy. By then, however, husband and wife had become estranged. In his will, drawn up in January 1670, Bayntun made no commendation of or bequest to Stuarta. She was mentioned only in the closing stages of the document, when he appointed guardians for his children; ‘I do hereby declare that it is my desire that neither my wife nor any of her relations ... shall have anything to do with the education of my children or the intermeddling with any of their estate.’ There was no later alteration of these terms, although he added a codicil in September 1678.4

Bayntun’s public career, like his family life, met with difficulties in the 1660s. He stood again for election as M.P. for Calne in 1661 but was defeated, and did not return to parliament for 14 years.5 He remained active in local affairs, but found himself at odds with the authorities on at least one issue, that of nonconformity. (54–7) His sympathy with the dissenters was part of a general hostility to the government of Charles II which the knighthood conferred in 1661 apparently did little to modify. The lampoons on the king and his ministers which Bayntun copied into the Commonplace Book are described below. After he was re-elected to parliament, as M.P. for

1 Hist. Parl., Commons, 1660–90, i. 607–8; D. Underdown, Pride’s Purge, 367.
2 H. Nicholas, Hist. Orders of Knighthood, ii. 34.
3 Hist. Parl., Commons, 1660–90, i. 608; R. C. Hoare, Mod. Wilts. Heytesbury, 60.
4 P.R.O., PROB 11/361, ff. 100–1.
5 Hist. Parl., Commons, 1660–90, i. 608.
Devizes, in 1675 he criticised the court and ministries consistently and harshly. His comments in a debate on foreign policy in 1677 prompted a fellow member to accuse him of sedition. His record of opposition caused his removal from the Wiltshire commission of the peace in the same year. He succeeded, nevertheless, in winning a contested election for Devizes in 1679. By then he was probably ill; he was noted as absent from the Commons in the spring of that year, and on 26th July he died. He was succeeded by his elder son, Henry.¹

The Commonplace Book

i. Description and history

The book is bound in brown leather over boards and measures 18.5 cm. × 24 cm. It contains 186 pages; most of 105 pages, numbered from the front of the volume, and 62, numbered from the back, bear entries certainly or probably by Bayntun. There are 12 pages before the first of Bayntun’s entries in the front of the volume; 5 are blank, 7 carry 19th-century annotations. At the back of the volume, preceding Bayntun’s entries, are 6 pages, of which 4 are blank and 2 carry 19th-century annotations. Between front and back sections a page has been cut out and another page is blank.

The volume came into the hands of William Cunnington (1814–1906), a member of a notable family of Wiltshire archaeologists and antiquarians, and one of the founders of the Wiltshire Archaeological Society.² The first page bears the following note:

‘From the Diary of Moore, the poet

‘1832, July 28. To Watson Taylor’s sale.
29th. A curious journal of Sir Edward Bayntun’s has fallen into Salmon’s hands, of which I glanced through a few pages.”

Several years after Mr. Salmon left Devizes, Mr. John Ellen, who had been his managing clerk, brought this book to me.

W. Cunnington’

Salmon was presumably W. S. Salmon, who became clerk of the borough of Devizes in 1832.³ The entry quoted by Cunnington does not appear in the published edition of Thomas Moore’s diary.⁴ Amongst other additions and annotations, most of which are discussed below, Cunnington gave the volume a title page in which it was described as a commonplace book, the name by which it was thereafter known. The book was presumably among his

¹ Hist. Parl., Commons, 1660–90, i. 608–9; J. Burke, Hist. Commoners, iv. 684. A memorial in Bromham church gives the date of his death as 2 Sept. 1679.
⁴ T. Moore, Memoirs, ed. J. Russell.
many gifts to the Wiltshire Archaeological Society\(^1\) and in 1979 was transferred to the Wiltshire Record Office.\(^2\)

ii. Compilation

Most of the entries in the Commonplace Book date from the years 1657-79, when Bayntun was the head of his family and master of a large estate. The volume was perhaps chiefly intended as a record of the manner in which he discharged the responsibilities of his position. Its first use, however, seems to have been for notes taken in the course of reading. The first ten numbered pages at what is now the back of the volume bear extracts from and comments on Niccolò Machiavelli’s *The Art of War*. (99) William Cunnington, in a note to the list of contents, suggested that the entry was not made by Bayntun. The hand in which it is copied differs slightly from that of the rest of the volume, but the two have many characteristics in common. A comment by the copyist, referring to ‘our war in Ireland’, indicates that the entry was probably made between 1649 and 1653 during Cromwell’s Irish campaigns. If, as the similarity of the hands suggests, the copyist was Bayntun, he presumably set aside the volume for some years before bringing it back into use for a slightly different purpose.\(^3\) Of the remaining entries, those at the front of the volume cover the whole period 1657-79 and include some earlier material; those at the back, excluding the notes from *The Art of War*, were probably added near the end of Sir Edward’s life and include rentals for the years 1659-79.\(^4\)

Bayntun presumably selected material for inclusion in the book from documents already in his possession. That he kept careful records of his personal and business affairs is suggested by his reference, in a note to a document dated 1670, to ‘my first copybook of letters’. (68) The orderliness of his archive is indicated by his ability to gather together documents, drawn from different dates, relating to a single theme. Nos. 13-17, for example, concern presentations of rectors of Bromham in the years 1657, 1660, and 1668; nos. 60-3 relate to the maintenance of highways in Chippenham. Not all related documents were grouped together; lists of old rents received from Bremhill and other manors in the years 1659-62, 1663-74, and 1674-9 are widely scattered. (7, 31, 92)

The Commonplace Book itself was carefully kept. The entries were generally made in full, without abbreviations except Wilts. for Wiltshire and E.B. instead of the compiler’s name. Most were separated by ruled lines; rentals were tabulated. The pages of both the front and the back of the volume were numbered.

All but a few of the entries fall into four, fairly general, categories. The

\(^1\) The date of the volume’s acquisition by the Society has not been traced.
\(^2\) Inf. from the Librarian, the Museum, Devizes. The volume has the Wilts. Record Office call mark 1553/22.
\(^3\) The extracts from *The Art of War* are discussed below, p. xx.
\(^4\) Hereafter ‘first pagination’ refers to enumeration from the front of the volume, ‘second pagination’ to enumeration from the back.
largest group, of 46 entries, is of material relating to local government. Another 38 entries refer to Bayntun’s estates. Documents more directly concerned with the personal affairs of his family account for only 9 entries; 9 items relate to national politics. There remain 5 entries which belong to no distinct group, some of which have been added at a later date. The choice of entries within each of these categories illustrates the mixture of aide-mémoire, precedent book, and record of events of personal significance, which characterises the whole volume.

iii. Content: family affairs

The relatively small proportion of the Commonplace Book devoted by Bayntun to the personal affairs of his family has been mentioned. He did, however, give pride of place to one of the family’s lasting memorials, the almshouses at Bromham known as the College of the Poor, founded by his grandfather Sir Henry Bayntun. A full transcription of the statutes laid down by Sir Henry for their government is the first item in the volume. (1)

Bayntun also included a copy of his father’s will. (18) Other references to his parents and siblings are few and occur chiefly in estate records. He made no direct reference to his marriage, although he did include a copy of the bond entered by Sir Thomas Thynne and his brother Sir James of Longleat on the day of the marriage for payment of £1,000 to Bayntun after Sir Thomas’s death (59); the payment was made on 14 August 1661. In addition to the promise of this settlement the marriage brought an alliance with another of Wiltshire’s great families. There is, however, no other mention of the Thynnes in the volume; they do not feature as witnesses to documents or as agents in any of Bayntun’s affairs. The omission presumably stemmed from the estrangement between Bayntun and Stuart.

On the evidence of the Commonplace Book, much closer relations than those with the Thynnes were maintained with the Osborne family. Bayntun and Sir Thomas Osborne, lord treasurer from 1673 (created earl of Danby in 1674, duke of Leeds in 1694), were related through their paternal grandmothers, Lucy and Elinor Danvers, sisters of Henry Danvers, earl of Danby (d. 1644). The grandsons shared an interest in estates in Northamptonshire and Yorkshire which had been devised by Henry jointly to Lucy, Elinor, and three other sisters. (22, 42, 103–6) The only letter included in the volume which refers solely to personal matters is addressed by Bayntun to the lord treasurer’s wife Bridget. It dates probably from late February 1674. The overt purpose of the letter is to accompany a gift of lampreys; its real purpose was to report the pleasure of Bayntun’s son Henry, ‘when amongst twenty it was his good fortune to draw your pretty daughter, My Lady Sophia, for his valentine.’ (53) Plans for a marriage between Henry, then perhaps twelve, and Sophia, aged ten, may already have been in hand; in June 1674 they were betrothed. Bayntun presumably excepted Lord Treasurer Danby from his condemnation of the king’s ministers, at least

1 Longleat Ho., Thynne Papers, Box XC (Book 174), f. 34v.
2 Complete Peerage, iv. 48–9; for Osborne, see D.N.B.
temporarily and in pursuit of a valuable family alliance. The marriage, however, did not take place. In July 1678 the earl of Sunderland was negotiating for Sophia's marriage to his son,\(^1\) and in August of that year Henry probably left England with his tutor Dr. Brunel for an absence of perhaps three years. (89) He later married Ann, daughter of John Wilmot, earl of Rochester.\(^2\)

Far more space than that given to the affairs of his immediate family was devoted by Bayntun to the ceremonial attending his knighthood. The longer of the two documents relating to the ceremony which he included is a copy of the requirements of dress and furnishings for each knight and his attendants, a list drawn up with careful regard for precedent.\(^3\) (20) Following it is a copy of the lord chamberlain's summons to Bayntun, as a member of the order of the Bath, to attend the king at his entry into the city of London and at the coronation. (21)

iv. Content: the Bayntun estate

Approximately a third of the entries in the Commonplace Book are copies of estate papers. Bayntun made no attempt to present a systematic record of his estates or of their management. There is, for example, no survey of his holdings. A handful of deeds is included, most, apparently, as memoranda. (e.g. 39, 68, 77) A group of entries has the character of precedents, for future reference. Two are orders for summoning courts for Bromham Bayntun, Bromham, and Stanley manors. (41, 43) A third is headed 'What to endorse upon leases when they are surrendered.' (44)

The longest entries relating to the estates are rentals. The accounts of receivers of old rents due from the manors of Bromham, Chittoe, Clench, Bremhill, Stanley, and Rowden are noted for the years 1659–62, 1663–74, and 1674–9. (7, 31, 92) Rentals of the demesne lands of Stanley, Bromham Bayntun, Bromham, and Bremhill manors for the years 1659–79 also occur in three groups, for 1659–60, 1661–2, and 1663–79, but have been calendared as a single item in this edition. (101) The dating of both sets of rentals from 1659, almost two years after Bayntun succeeded his father, may indicate that there was some delay before he entered into full possession of his estate. He was certainly in possession in October 1658, however, when he confirmed leases granted by his father. (3)

Both sets of rentals were entered by Bayntun in tabular form. For those of the demesne lands the name or description of the holding, the tenant, and the rent due were given for each year. The transcription of such records, covering a period of 20 years, must have been a peculiarly laborious task. The consistency of the hand indicates that the entries were made over a relatively short period. There are many annotations, concerning changes in the value of lands, payments in kind, and the identities of tenants; some were inserted in

---

\(^1\) A. Browning, Thomas Osborne, Earl of Danby, i. 287 n.

\(^2\) Pedigree at back of Commonplace Book.

\(^3\) Nicolas, Hist. Orders of Knighthood, ii. 34; W. Segar, Honor, Military and Civill (London, 1602), 69–72.
the margins, some interlineated. Their presence and number suggest that the rentals were compiled from rough notes rather than being transcriptions of existing fair copies.

A few items refer to the estates inherited jointly by Bayntun and his cousins from the Danvers sisters. The heirs held between them 655 a. in Northamptonshire (103); the extent of the Yorkshire holding is not recorded. Although in 1662 Bayntun attorned John Ely of Chippenham to administer his share of the estates (22), it was also the cousins’ practice to appoint local agents in Yorkshire and Northamptonshire to manage their joint interests. (42, 49, 103–6)

The selection of papers relating to Bayntun’s estates in the Commonplace Book is too inconsequential for it to be possible to identify his regular officers and agents. One name does, however, stand out. George Johnson, a lawyer, acted as steward of Stanley manor in 1667 (41, 43), and witnessed various transactions recorded in the volume, including Henry Bayntun’s betrothal. (76) As ‘my loving friend’ he was appointed by Bayntun as an executor of his will and guardian of his children.1 John Clarke, by contrast, appears only twice in the volume. As Bayntun’s servant he paid money due under a bequest to George Joye in 1666 (19), and c. 1671 he witnessed the endorsement of a deed. (50) These two appearances demonstrate the shortcomings of the Commonplace Book as a record of Bayntun’s circle, whether of friends or servants. In his will Bayntun left Clarke an annuity of £20 from Bromham manor, ‘not doubting but that he and his wife will be very useful in the managing of my estate and looking to my children.’ 2

Also among the estate papers are entries relating to the advowson of Bromham rectory. In June 1657 Richard Franklyn was presented as rector by the lord protector; age or infirmity perhaps prevented the elder Sir Edward Bayntun, who died a few months later, from making a presentation. (16–17) The vacancy resulted from the death of Mr. Richards, presumably Robert Richards, who had been rector since 1600.3 The younger Edward apparently ignored Franklyn’s appointment, or anticipated his expulsion from the living when, in May 1660, he nominated Timothy Richards to the rectory, then described as vacant by the death of Robert Richards. In the confusion of the months preceding the restoration of Charles II, Bayntun was apparently uncertain to whom presentation should be made, and he therefore claimed the right to treat the living as a donative. (13, 15) Richards’s tenure of the rectory seems to have been unchallenged, and on his death in 1668 Bayntun presented, in the customary fashion, Thomas Wyatt. (14) Wyatt was to become a trusted friend, and Bayntun appointed him overseer of his will. 4

1 P.R.O., PROB 11/361, f. 100v.
2 Ibid. f. 101.
3 Institutiones Clericorum in Comitatu Wiltoniae, ed. T. Phillipps (priv. print. 1825), ii. 1.
4 P.R.O., PROB 11/361. f. 100v.
Entries relating to local government comprise the largest group, numerically, in the volume. Like other groups of entries, it includes items clearly intended as precedents or memoranda. Among them are a copy of a printed hearth-tax certificate, with personal and place names omitted (12); a certificate, left similarly blank, of the administration of the sacrament of Holy Communion according to the usage of the Church of England to a justice of the peace (85); and a table of the divisions of the county of Wiltshire. (22)

Other entries illustrate some of the wide range of duties of a justice of the peace. Bayntun was a member of the Wiltshire commission of the peace from 1650 to 1654 and from 1660 to 1677. He included no direct reference to his work within quarter sessions in the volume. There are, however, many instances of tasks undertaken by him, alone or in company with fellow justices, as a result of orders given in quarter sessions or at assizes. He recorded two occasions on which he arbitrated in suits which had been referred to him from the assize courts. (24, 46) The duties imposed by orders given in sessions were usually administrative; for example, those required to sort out the affairs of Calne in 1674, when, presumably by mistake, two sets of overseers of the poor had been appointed. (71-3) One group of orders given by the county justices in concert is copied out in its entirety; they were issued in January 1666 in an attempt to prevent the spread of the plague, then current in London and Southampton. (32) Among the few letters copied into the volume are several concerning the extent of nonconformity in Wiltshire in 1669-70, which make it clear that Bayntun and his fellow justices were far less energetic in the prosecution of dissent than either the bishop of Salisbury, Seth Ward, or the national authorities desired. (54-7)

A large proportion of the entries relating to local affairs refer to some form of taxation. Several, in which Bayntun appears as a justice, concern levies made for the payment of pensions to injured soldiers and sailors, and for the maintenance of gaols; accounts of the collectors of these levies are scattered through the volume. (26, 64-7, 93-4) Others illustrate the process of collecting national taxes. For the royal aid of 1665 Bayntun noted the summons of a general meeting of the commissioners for the county, of whom he was one, and the detailed orders to constables of Chippenham hundred for assessment and collection of the aid. (28-9)

As well as justice and tax-gatherer, Bayntun also appears briefly in the volume as soldier. Two items refer to a militia regiment, to be raised in 1677 from the Marlborough division of the county and commanded by him. (90-1)

A few entries relate more directly to national than to local or county affairs; most arise from elections for or proceedings in parliament. Four entries concern Bayntun's own candidacy. He records precepts issued for the
elections of burgesses for Calne under which he was returned in 1659 and 1660. (6, 8) An entry dated 1676, which gives the form of a certificate exempting an M.P.'s servant from arrest while on his master's business, may have been copied from one issued soon after his eventual return to the Commons as a member for Devizes. (88)

He made no entry in the Commonplace Book concerning affairs of state during the period in which he served as an M.P. From the years in which he was out of parliament, however, he records several items indicative of his distrust of Charles II and his ministers. Two are extracts from parliamentary proceedings; the king's speech of prorogation of July 1667, in which he denied any intention of creating a standing army, and the Commons' address of October 1673 opposing the marriage of James, duke of York, to Mary of Modena. (36, 86) Also noted is the text of a proclamation against conventicles issued in July 1669. (40) He perhaps received copies of these documents from friends or relatives who attended parliament. The M.P. most nearly related to him, his brother Henry, M.P. for Chippenham, does not, however, seem to have shared Edward's hostility to the court. 1

Some measure of this hostility is given by the inclusion of scurrilous verses attacking king and ministers. Bayntun copied out in full George Wither's *Vox & Lacrimae Anglorum*, published in 1668, and *A Prophetick Lampoon*, attributed to George Villiers, duke of Buckingham, and published c. 1675. (47-8) Wither addressed members attending the parliamentary session of 1668, cataloguing in some 400 lines the faults of Charles II's government and especially of the recently fallen earl of Clarendon; his targets included extravagance and high taxes, the enrichment of courtiers and ministers at the nation's expense, inadequate military and naval provision, and the liberty and influence allowed to Roman Catholics, whom he blamed for the great fire of 1666. Another target, and one apparently in keeping with Bayntun's attitudes expressed elsewhere in the volume, was the Anglican church; he called for greater freedom for Protestant dissenters and the restoration of the ministers ejected in 1662. The lampoon attributed to Buckingham is a much shorter piece, 40 lines only, in which the king's conduct, government, and motives are caricatured. The version quoted by Bayntun differs in a few words, and in the sequence of several lines from the published version seen by this editor; either he acquired a manuscript copy of the piece, or there were minor differences between published editions.

There was originally a third entry, similar in tone, immediately preceding *Vox & Lacrimae Anglorum*. A note on page 51 of the first pagination states 'a leaf is taken out here, which contained about 60 lines of exceedingly obscene verse, of a very antimonarchical tendency. It was in the same handwriting as the adjoining pages, by Sir Edward Bayntun 1666.' The note is signed by William Cunnington.

---

1 Hist. Parl., Commons, 1660-90, i. 609-10.
vii. Content: mad dogs and Machiavelli

Outside any of the categories of entry in the Commonplace Book so far discussed is a recipe for a cure for hydrophobia. (4) Defiant of categorisation, too, are two blocks of quotation and notes from the writings of Niccolò Machiavelli. The shorter of these consists of four excerpts, each of no more than a sentence or two and bearing references to the book and chapter from which they were taken, from Machiavelli’s Discourses, in the translation by E. Dacres published in 1636. (87) The subjects are the need for a new ruler to identify and immobilise his potential enemies immediately, and for action to displace those who have grown rich through corruption and so endanger the state. Such themes harmonise well with the less judicious political writings of his contemporaries which Bayntun also quoted.

The second sequence is that drawn from The Art of War, in the translation by Peter Whitehorne first published in 1560-2, which occupies the first ten numbered pages at the back of the volume. (99) The excerpts are from the translator’s epistle, the author’s preface, from Book 1, concerning the superiority of a citizen army to a mercenary one, and Book 2, a discussion of weaponry and military training. They are summaries of arguments, with references to the folios of the published translation, rather than direct quotations, and have the appearance of notes taken in the course of reading. Most follow the order of the original, but sometimes the copyist has looked back to an earlier part of the work and interpolated additional notes out of sequence. In a number of places he added the marginal heading ‘observation of mine own’. Most of these observations are headings or brief summaries of the subject under discussion. Twice, however, the author’s arguments are applied to contemporary affairs. Where Machiavelli points out the need of mercenary armies to perpetuate war, the copyist notes the employment by France and Spain in his own time of Swiss mercenaries whom they dare not antagonise. The author suggests that rather than being allowed to return to cause trouble in their native country on the conclusion of peace, professional soldiers should be re-employed in some new war. It is a solution which the copyist favours for England; ‘so soon as we have ended our war in Ireland’, joint action might be taken with other enemies of Spain, ‘because they will not suffer any to trade with them in the West Indies or for the Palatinate etc. Better to do anything than let disbanded soldiers stay long in your country.’ The second contemporary application is more specific. In the discussion of cavalry training the use of wooden vaulting horses is commended; a marginal note observes that ‘our dragoons’ would also do well to be expert in this exercise.

viii. Additions and annotations

All the alterations and additions to the volume made after Bayntun’s time date, apparently, from the late 19th century or the early 20th; most of them are in William Cunnington’s hand. The title which he entered at the beginning of the volume reads ‘Commonplace Book of Sir Henry Bayntun Kt., (Sheriff of Wilts. 1600), Sir Edward Bayntun Kt., (Sheriff of Wilts.
1637), and Sir Edward Bayntun Kt. of the Bath (Sheriff of Wilts. 1664). From 1614 to 1679. At the end of the volume, before the second pagination, is the title, also in Cunnington's hand, 'Common-Place Book of Sir Edward Bayntun of Bromham (end of book) 1659 to 1678.' For both paginations he supplied lists of contents, citing the pages on which entries begin; most of the entries are described by the headings given within the text of the volume by Bayntun.

The text itself bears occasional annotations by Cunnington. The most substantial of these are the reference to the removal of verses following 46, mentioned above, and another directing the reader from the letter to Lady Danby (53) to the contract between Sophia Osborne and Henry Bayntun. (76) Cunnington may also have inserted the note, apparently original, of an election to the almshouses at Bromham in 1726 (2) and the cutting from Leisure Hour concerning Sir Theodore Mayern's prescription for a cure for hydrophobia which follows Bayntun's entry on the subject. (4) Elsewhere his additions are limited to marginal notes such as that identifying the subject of 33 as 'plague' or the explanation 'plough = waggon' beside 64.

In addition to the title pages and contents' lists, at each end of the book there are a few pages of notes made mainly by Cunnington but also in two other hands. They refer to people or places mentioned in the volume and sometimes to particular entries. Among them are rough workings for, and a completed copy of, a pedigree of the Bayntun family covering the period from the late 15th century to the early 18th. Cunnington noted that it 'has cost a great deal of trouble. The late Revd. E. Wilton, who is an exceedingly clever herald, agreed with it, as it now stands, and Canon Jackson made two or three additions . . . It should be compared with Hoare's in Modern Wilts.' The vol. which contains it is not among my books.' Also included is an unidentified newspaper cutting which quotes from a letter of Lady Essex Cheke concerning a duel between her son and Sir Edward Bayntun.

ix. Editorial method

Much of the content of the Commonplace Book has in this edition been summarised. Where an entire entry has been transcribed the heading is followed by the note [Text given in full]. Most entries are given in the order in which they occur in the volume; those paginated from the front of the volume are given before those paginated from the back. No. 101 is a compilation of three rentals which are separated by a few pages in the volume. The number of the page on which each entry begins is given. Entry numbers have been supplied by the editor. Headings or titles have usually been given where they were included by Bayntun. Where his heading or the text contains a date this has been supplied at the beginning of the entry; all dates have been converted to the new style. Editorial notes concerning the full text of an entry or a substantial part of it have generally been supplied in square brackets after the entry. Explanatory material is given and marginal notes are

1 Hoare, Mod. Wilts. Downton, 7.
described in footnotes. Spelling and punctuation have been modernised, with the exception of the spelling of place names and surnames, the forms of which given by Bayntun are retained in the text; place names are given in their modern form in the index.
1 [p. 1] 18 July 1614. Statutes and ordinances made by Sir Henry Bayntun of Bromham for the College of the Poor at Bromham.\textsuperscript{1} [Text given in full]

1. First, I ordain that the plot of ground beneath the chantry being part of my manor of Bromham containing by estimation an acre or less shall remain to the use of six poor people of the parish of Bromham for ever in such manner and sort as is herein contained.

2. Item, that the house newly erected by me upon the said parcel of ground containing six partitions, every partition having a room above and another beneath, shall remain to the use of six poor people for ever. Every one to enjoy a several partition.

3. Item, my will is that the said parcel of ground which is divided into six parts shall remain unto the use of six poor people for gardens for each one of them.

4. And for their maintenance I allow them £20 by the year of current English money to be divided amongst them; that is to every of them yearly £3 6s. 8d., to be paid unto them every quarter day by even portions, to wit on the feast day of St. Thomas the Apostle [21 December], the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin St. Mary [25 March], [Nativity of] St. John the Baptist [24 June], and St. Michael the Archangel [29 September].

5. Further, my will is that the said pensions shall be paid to them within fourteen days after the said feast days in one of the houses of the said poor people in the presence of the said parson of Bromham and churchwardens of the said parish church, governors of the said college.

6. If any of the said poor happen to die before the quarter day is, the money due to him or her shall be paid to the next successor if he or she be chosen at the time appointed for payment, otherwise to be kept in the hands of the governors to be delivered to him or her at the time of election.

7. Item, my purpose is during my life to give unto every of the said six poor people every second year two yards and an half of cloth at the price of 5s. the yard at the least to make them gowns against the feast of All Saints [1 November], the same gowns to be made plain. And I trust that my heirs after me will continue the said gift of gowns unto the said poor people and their successors for ever, although I bind no lands for the maintenance thereof, it being a charitable work and acceptable unto God as to feed the hungry and to clothe the naked.

8. When any of those poor people die, they shall leave their gowns to their next successors.
9. As for the persons that shall be chosen, my will is that they shall be such poor people as have been born in the parish of Bromham or else there have inhabited for the space of three years. And for defect of such, out of other places where my lands are.

10. For the avoiding of strife and contention which doth usually arise where children of diverse parents are, my will is that such poor persons be chosen as be single and unmarried, if such conveniently may be had in the said parish, but for defect of such, aged married folk may be chosen, such as be fittest for relief of the said parish.

11. None are to be chosen but such as are poor and impotent; that is such as by their own labour are not able to maintain themselves without being burdensome unto others.

12. None to be chosen but such [as] are aged fifty years or upwards, unless good reason appear to me and my heirs after me, advice being taken with the governors.

13. None to be chosen but such as fear God and are of honest conversation, neither such as are not able to rehearse the Lord's Prayer and the Articles of the Faith and Ten Commandments, neither such as have not carefully frequented the church to hear God's word read and preached, neither such as have any infectious disease or loathsome unto others.

14. My will is, if it may be, that there be chosen four poor men and two poor women, but always such as may be fit for the ease and relief of the said parish.

15. My will is that when any of the poor men shall be sick and diseased that then the women shall do their best endeavours to keep and attend them, which if they shall refuse to do then to be removed. And when any of the women chance to be sick then the other women [sic] to attend them. And if need be the poor men shall desire the help of their neighbours too and the women in time of their sickness. And the said poor men to bestow their labour in fetching things necessary for them.

16. When any place shall happen to be void by death or expulsion or howsoever, my will is that the power to place others in their room shall be in myself during my life and after my decease in my heirs, provided always that they shall take advice of the governors concerning the fitness of the persons to be chosen, so as four shall be nominated by them out of the parish of Bromham (if conveniently they may be had), of which I and mine heirs after me for ever shall choose one.

17. Item, I ordain that if either I myself or mine heirs after me shall within one month after the vacancy of any place or places fail to elect one of those four, three, or two, that shall be nominated by the said governors, then it shall be lawful for the said governors to elect such as is aforesaid to fill up those rooms and their election shall stand firm and lawful.

18. And for the better ordering of the said poor people that they may behave themselves as Christians ought to do, my will is, first that every one of them shall duly and orderly come to church every Sunday, Wednesday, and Friday, and other times as occasion shall serve, to hear God's word read and
preached. And for the manner of their coming they shall come all together in
their gowns, the men by themselves and the women by themselves, where they
shall sit all together in some fit place, and there shall continue until prayer be
ended. Which done they shall repair to their houses as before. And if any of
them fail herein unless hindered by sickness, then that person shall forfeit for
every such default 12d. to be deducted out of their stipend at the quarter's end.
19. Item, every one of those poor folks that shall be able to come to church
shall receive Holy Communion four times in the year at least, under pain of
the former penalty, except hindered [sic] by sickness or some other lawful
cause allowed by the parson.
20. Item, that none of them shall offend by swearing or ungodly talking
under pain of forfeiting for the first offence 4d., for the second offence 8d.,
for the third offence 12d., to be deducted as before.
21. Item, my will is that none of them shall give any reproachful words
against their fellows or any of their neighbours under pain to forfeit for the
first offence 4d., for the second 8d., for the third 12d., as before.
22. Item, that none of the said poor people shall give any blow to any of
their fellows upon pain to forfeit for the first offence 5s., for the second 10s.,
for the third offence to be expelled for ever, advice being taken of the
governors.
23. Item, I ordain that for the avoiding of idleness they shall arise betimes
in the morning and shall give themselves to some honest labour.
24. Item, that none of the said poor people shall frequent alehouses or
places of unlawful game otherwise than about their necessary business,
neither shall they play at any unlawful games themselves or keep evil
company upon pain to forfeit for every such offence 6d.
25. Item, that none of the said poor people shall live upon begging or go to
any house to crave alms or beg an alms of any passenger under pain to forfeit
6d. for every offence.
26. Item, that none of the said poor people shall in the night time lodge out
of the said house without good cause and licence first gotten of the parson of
the parish church of Bromham or, in his absence, of one of the church-
wardens there under pain to forfeit 6d.
27. Item, that none of the said poor people shall take any into their house to
lodge them under pain to forfeit 12d.
28. Item, that none of the said almsfolk shall break or steal hedges, rob
orchards, spoil frith in coppices, or steal corn at harvest under pain of
forfeiting for every such offence 2s.
29. Item, I ordain that if any of the poor of the said house shall commit
fornication, adultery, drunkenness, or any horrible sin which God forbid or
shall fall into any gross heresy denying any of the articles of our Christian
faith, that person to be expelled the house for ever and never to be received
again.
30. Item, I ordain that none of the poor people shall under pain of
expulsion take upon them without special licence from me the founder or
mine heirs after me to break any part of the stonework, tilework, or cut any of the timberwork of the roofs, floors, or partitions of the said almshouse under colour to amend their lodging or for any other cause or pretence whatsoever.

31. Item, no tippling or victualling of ale, beer, or other victuals shall be kept in the said almshouse under pain of expulsion of such person as shall keep it.

32. Item, I ordain that all such forfeitures as shall arise upon the breach of these ordinances shall be by the governors kept back at the quarters and an account thereof to be registered in a book kept by the parson of the said parish; the same money to be employed towards the reparations of the said house when occasion shall serve, and if there be no occasion then to be equally divided amongst the rest of the poor of the said college.

33. Item, my will is that when any part of the house or bounds shall decay, that the same shall be repaired at the proper costs and charges of the alms-people; viz out of the yearly stipend of £20, which being deducted out of their portions proportionably to defray the said charges of reparations, the whole shall the next time be paid unto them as before.

34. Item, when any shall fall into such crimes before specified which shall deserve expulsion, my will is to leave it in my own power and my heirs' after me to elect so to expel, provided that advice be taken with the governors concerning the truth of such crimes committed and, the truth being known either by confession or lawful witness, that then a warning to depart the house by a day appointed shall suffice without any further proceeding.

35. Item, my will is that if any of the said almsfolks after their election shall happen to have any land, living, or yearly pension fall unto them during life to the value of £4 yearly or more, that then such shall be warned by the governors to depart the house by a day appointed and removed from it and their pensions to be paid no more to them.

36. Item, my will is that if any strife or contention shall arise among the poor people, that they shall refer the same to the governors for the pacifying thereof. And if the contention be such as cannot be decided by them, then to be referred to me and mine heirs after me.

37. Item, whereas I have built in six partitions and every partition hath two rooms, my will is that the poor men to be elected into this house shall have the uppermost partitions next the chantry if it may be and the poor women to have the lower partitions.

38. Item, I ordain that the men shall not come into the houses of the women nor the women into the houses of the men except it be upon necessary occasions as to visit them in the time of their sickness; neither shall the men by night lodge in the houses of the women nor the women in the houses of the men under pain of expulsion for ever.

39. Item, I desire the parson of Bromham that now is and his successors after him to have a care of the said poor people, to visit them in their sickness and at other times when his leisure shall best serve to instruct them in the points of religion, specially in the Articles of Faith, the Lord's Prayer, and
Ten Commandments, and to exhort them to live holily and righteously in this present world.

40. And to the end that ignorance may not excuse them or cause them to go awry that are willing to live in order, my desire is that the said parson of Bromham that now is and his successors after him would at two several times in the year, viz. at the feast[s] of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin St. Mary and St. Michael the Archangel, being days appointed for the payment of their pension, in some convenient place in the church after prayer or else at the said college in one of their rooms read these ordinances distinctly in the hearing and presence of them all.

41. Lastly, if it shall please God to put into the hearts of mine heirs or any other person or persons whatsoever to add any more either annuities, pensions, or lands unto the said college and hospital or poor people, I leave it unto their discretions to bestow it either upon the said six which are of the first foundation and their successors for the increase of their maintenance or else, which I think more meet, for the relief of some other which upon a new erection may be added to the said college and those out of the parish of Bromham or at least half of them. If any new erection be made for the augmentation of the said house I think it meet it be done at the west end, next my tenement now in the tenure of Richard Hunt.

1 The statutes are printed in part, with an account of the College of the Poor, in *Endowed Char. Wilts.* 146–7.


[The nomination is on a loose page inserted in the volume at an unknown date.]

1 Ann, daughter and heiress of Henry Bayntun (d. 1691), son of Sir Edward (d. 1679), married first Edward Rolt and secondly, in 1724, James Somerville of Drum, Lord Somerville.

3 [p. 8] 15 Oct. 1658 to 1 Apr. 1659. Confirmation by Edward Bayntun of leases granted by his father

15 Oct. 1658: 3 leases to Thomas Stubbs, clerk; 27 Oct. 1658: 4 leases to James Crampe, clerk; 20 Dec. 1658: 1 lease to Geoffrey Sympkins, clerk; 22 Dec. 1658: lease to Robert Jenkins of Bremhill for his living at Hazeland which was Jeffereye’s; 1 Apr. 1659: lease to George Lewes of Spirthill for his living there.

4 [p. 9] Dr. Wright’s1 medicine for the biting of a mad dog. [*Text given in full*]

Imprimis, of the leaves of rue clean picked 6 oz., of pilled garlic 4 oz., of mithridate or London treacle 4 oz., of the shavings of pewter 4 spoonfuls,
and a pottle of strong ale. Put these into a vessel that will hold a third part more than the ingredients, let it be a stone jug or glass, and boil these close stopped in a kettle of water four hours on a gentle fire, then strain it, give nine spoonfuls nine days together, more or less according to the patient's age. Bathe the part with some of the decoction and bind the dregs upon it.\(^1\)

1 Perhaps Laurence Wright, 1590-1657, physician in ordinary to the Charterhouse 1624-43. D.N.B.

2 There follows a cutting from Leisure Hour, Apr. 1888, concerning a cure for hydrophobia very similar to Dr. Wright's, given by Sir Theodore Mayern in a paper 'Of the Diseases of Dogs . . . ' published in 1720 in the Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society, no. 191, p. 408.

5 [p. 10] 3 Jan. 1659.\(^1\) Bremhill. Bond in £500 by Edward Bayntun to Benedict Browne and John Maye, mercer, burgesses of Calne

Bayntun is to attend as M.P. for Calne the parliament of 27 January 1659 and to acquit the borough from any cost arising from his default or negligence there. Witnesses: Gabriel Goldney, junior, Samuel Horsington

1 The text gives the date of the bond as 31 December 1658.

6 [p. 11] 18 Dec. 1658. Precept from the sheriff to the [burgesses] of Calne for election of two burgesses to parliament

By virtue of a writ from Richard [Cromwell], lord protector, Isaac Burgess, sheriff of Wiltshire, requires the burgesses to proclaim that a parliament is to be held on 27 January 1659, to elect two burgesses for the borough, to enter the names of those elected in indentures to be made between the sheriff and those present at the election securing the powers of the elected burgesses, and to return the indentures for certification in the court of Chancery.

7 [p. 12] 1659-62. Old rents received from Benjamin Webb for Bromham, Chittoe, and Clench manors, and from Robert Jenkins for Bremhill, Stanley, and Rowden manors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1659</td>
<td>7 Sept. Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£29 2s. 10d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1660</td>
<td>21 Apr. Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£44 14s. 9 1/2d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22 Sept. Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£29 14s. 10d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Michaelmas Widow Tidfall of Chittoe Heath [29 Sept.] owes 10s. for 6 months rent.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lady Day Chittoe tithing owes 2s. tithing [25 Mar.] silver</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>27 Oct. Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£61 15s. 4 1/2d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1661</td>
<td>13 Mar. Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£68 9s. 9 1/2d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30 Mar. Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£44 15s. 3 1/2d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7 Sept. Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£29 9s. 11d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15 Sept. Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£61 15s. 4 1/2d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1662  12 Mar.  Bremhill etc.  £68  4s.  4½d.
      15 Apr.  Bromham etc. and 2s.  £44  15s.  3½d.
      due from John Tidfall of
      Chittoe for 18 months rent
      due at Michaelmas 1661
      12 Sept.  Bremhill etc.  £62  12s.  3½d.
      26 Sept.  Bromham etc.  £29  9s.  11d.

8  [p. 14] 29 Mar. 1660. Precept from Isaac Burgess, sheriff, to the burgesses of Calne for the election of two burgesses to serve in a parliament to be held on 5 April 1660. Edward Bayntun notes that he entered into a bond for £500 on his election.


11  [p. 15] n.d. Certificate of exemption from tax under an Act concerning Fire-hearths and Stoves, 14 Charles II [c. 10], of Ann Williams, widow, and Hugh Powell. Their houses are worth no more than 20s. p.a. improved rent and have no more than two hearths; Williams and Powell do not occupy lands valued at 20s. or more p.a. or hold or have held in trust for them property valued at £10 p.a.

    [In margin: Lacock]

12  [p. 15] Michaelmas [29 Oct.] 1670. Copy of a printed certificate for exemption as in 11, omitting names, places, and date, to be completed by the minister of the parish and presented to the justices of the peace. The certificate was given to Sir Edward Bayntun and his fellow justices at the Michaelmas quarter sessions at Marlborough by Mr. Levett.

13  [p. 16] 25 May 1660. Presentation to or donation of Bromham rectory by Edward Bayntun

As rightful patron of Bromham rectory, vacant by the death of Robert Richards, and in the absence of the ordinary or other authorised person to whom presentation should be made, Bayntun invokes the ancient right of patrons to collate and to induct clergy into their churches, employed in donative livings, and confers the rectory on Timothy Richards M.A.¹

¹  See 15-16 and introduction, p. xvii.

14  [p. 16] 6 May 166[8].¹ Presentation to [Seth Ward], bishop of Salisbury, by Sir Edward Bayntun of Thomas Wyatt D.D. to be admitted to Bromham rectory, vacant by the death of Timothy Richards.
15 [p. 17] 22 May 1660. Letter from Edward Bayntun attorning John Lavington and Henry Scott to put Timothy Richards in possession of Bromham rectory in accordance with his presentation of the same date.\(^1\)

1 The presentation was made on 25 May: see 13.

16 [p. 18] 16 June 1657. Whitehall. Presentation, endorsed as a true copy by John Ny, registrar [of Salisbury diocese], of Richard Franklyn to be approved and admitted by the commissioners for the approbation of preachers to Bromham rectory, vacant by the death of Mr. [Robert] Richards, of which the lord protector is patron by lapse.\(^1\)

1 From 1654 patronal rights, which would formerly have passed by lapse to the episcopate, passed after a vacancy of six months to the lord protector: W. A. Shaw, The Church under the Commonwealth, ii. 265.

17 [p. 19] 17 June 1657. Whitehall. Approbation, endorsed as in 16, by the commissioners of Richard Franklyn to be [rector of Bromham] and notification of his admission as if he had been instituted and inducted according to former laws and customs.

18 [p. 20] 31 Oct. 1657. Will of Sir Edward Bayntun (d. 1657).\(^1\) [Text given in full]

In the name of God, amen. I, Sir Edward Bayntun of Bromham in the county of Wiltshire, knight, being weak in body but sound in memory and perfect in mind (praise and thanks be given to God therefore) do hereby and herein make this my absolute last will and testament in manner and form following.

And first I bequeath myself into the hands of my maker, hoping to be saved and redeemed only by the death and passion of his son, my saviour Jesus Christ, beseeching God now and at all times hereafter to prepare my heart by faith in him for evermore. And when it shall please God to call me to his mercy, grant that I may be then and at all times ready and willing to render up myself unto life everlasting. And first for my body, I commend it to the earth from whence it came, thereto remain until the resurrection. And as for those worldly goods and estate [sic] which it hath pleased God to bless me withal, I give and dispose of the same in manner and form following. First, whereas I have by some former deed (which I cannot now find) settled on my second son Henry an annuity of £200 by the year to be issuing, levied, had, received, and taken out of my manor of Bromham for and during his natural life, my will is and I do hereby desire my eldest son Edward to confirm the same annuity unto him that he may enjoy the same according to my intent. Item, I give to my son Nicholas £500 to be paid within three months of my decease. Also I desire my eldest son Edward to take care of my daughter Mary and to provide for her and not to suffer her to want such things as shall be necessary for her. Also I make and ordain my well-beloved wife ano ill,
son Robert to be the executors of this my last will and testament. Witnesses: William Johnson, Peter Arnault, Samuel Horsington

A copy of the will is in P.R.O., PROB 11/272, f. 19. A summary is printed in Genealogical Abstract of Wills, Register 'Wootton' 1658, ed. W. Brigg, i. p. 29

19 [p. 21] 6 July 1666. Bond in £100 by Sir Edward Bayntun to John Trethewy of Ditcheat (Som.)

Bayntun has received £50 appointed to be paid by Trethewy to the heir of the late Sir George Joye, kt., according to a codicil to the will of James Ley, late earl of Marlborough, on behalf of George Joye, Sir George's grandson and heir and Bayntun's servant, and is to indemnify Trethewy and to obtain for him a release for the same from George Joye within six months of the latter's majority or from George's executors in the case of his death before then. Witnesses: George Union, William Newman, George Joyce, John Tooker

Endorsement: 14 July 1669. George Joye was paid £5 10s. by John Clarke, Bayntun's servant, and the bond cancelled. Joye's mother spent 30s. of the money at Oxford wherefore George Joye . . . [illegible]

[Bond in Latin]

20 [p. 22] 5 Mar. 1661. Preparations for each knight of the Bath. [Text given in full]

Imprimis, a mattress or feather bed, as also a bolster, pillow, blankets, sheets, coverlets, and covering of red rag or say with a demi-tester to the same of red say without curtains or with his arms with his crest or supporters if a nobleman.

For his first habit

Item, coarse cloth of frieze russett to make a long gown, with wide sleeves and hood thereunto in form of an hermit's weed, tied close about the middle with a cordon of ash coloured and russett silk (made round of fingerwork and knit full of knots before reaching down almost to the knees) and a white napkin or handkerchief hanging thereat.

Item, a pair of stockings of black kersey called chausse-semelle, soled with black leather sewed to them; they using with them no other shoes but sometimes wearing a pair of black slippers to keep them from taking cold.

For his second habit

Item, a mantle and surcoat of red taffeta, edged with white taffeta or sarsenet and thereto two long strings of white silk, with buttons and tassels of red silk and gold and a pair of white gloves tied to them, which hang about the middle of his back. Also a coif of white lawn for his head with a white hat and a white feather.

Item, a sword, the pommele whereof and the cross hilt to be gilt, the scabbard of white leather, girdle and belt of the same, with buckles of iron or metal, gilt.
Item, white boots and a pair of gilt spurs with white leathers.
Item, four horses saddled (viz. for himself, his two esquires, and one page), that for himself having a black leather saddle bordered with white leather, the arsrun white, no cropper but a pectoral having a cross patre [part?] gilt thereon, and on the forehead another. Also black stirrup leathers with gilt stirrups.
Item, a black bridle of leather having a broad rein and a small long rein. Note that the horse for the page and horses for the two esquires are to be furnished as the knight himself pleaseth.

For his third habit
Item, to have a long gown of purple satin, the sleeves turned up at the hands half a yard deep with white taffeta (after the manner of a doctor or bachelor of laws [arts added above the line]) edged with white taffeta and sometimes lined throughout, with a hood to the same purpled with the like taffeta about half an inch deep. On his left shoulder a small lace of white silk, which lace ought to have a tag or tags.
Item, two escutcheons of his arms with crest, and if he be a nobleman to be with supporters, one whereof is to be placed over the place where he is to sit at table and the other over his bed.
Item, a table and his mess of meat or rather one or two tables for all knights to sit at in the inside, the esquires standing in the outside and the page behind them.
Also every knight to provide an angel in gold for his offering in the chapel.
The proportions of cloth and silk for the robes before specified.
Imprimis, three yards and a half of grey coarse cloth for his gown and cap.
Item, thirteen ells of crimson taffeta for the robe and surcoat.
Item, sixteen yards of purple satin for the robe and hood.
Item, three ells of white taffeta to edge and face the silk robes.
Item, cordels or strings with great tassels and crimson silk and gold for the crimson robe, and a small one of purple and gold for the purple robe. The robes were not only edged and faced with white taffeta but lined.
Note that the esquires and page are to be richly habited and that every knight to have two footmen.

21 [p. 23] 5 Mar. 1661. Whitehall. Notification from [Edward Montagu,] earl of Manchester, lord chamberlain of the King's Household, to Edward Bayntun that, as one of those advanced to the order of the Bath to attend the king at his entry into the city of London and at his coronation on 22 and 23 April next, he is to appear at the royal palace of Westminster on the afternoon of 18 April duly prepared to receive the order.

22 [p. 24] 1 Aug. 1662. Letter of Sir Edward Bayntun attorning John Ely of Chippenham to receive profits from, make leases of, and appoint officers to a fifth part of lands and leases in Northamptonshire and Yorkshire, which formerly belonged to Lady Elizabeth Carye and in accordance with her
wishes were devised in the will of her son Henry [Danvers], earl of Danby, in equal portions to her daughters Lady Ann Porter, Lady Lucy Bayntun, Elinor Walmersley, Lady Catherine Gargrave, and Lady Dorothy Osborne. The property has passed to the daughters' heirs, including Bayntun, son of Lady Lucy's son Sir Edward.

23 [p. 25] ? 18 Aug. 1662. Certificate to Sir Robert Foster, chief justice of the King's Bench, that, by an order of the Salisbury assizes of 17 July 1662, the writer on 18 August 1662 heard allegations from John Townshend plaintiff and Walter Coleman defendant in an action depending in King's Bench for a footway which the plaintiff claims to have through a ground, orchrd, and backside of the defendant in Tytherton Lucas, and found that the plaintiff had no such right.


On 1 August last Sir Matthew Hale, chief baron of the Exchequer, and Sir John Archer, a justice of Common Pleas, sitting as justices of assize at Salisbury, ordered that matters in controversy between Thomas Bayly plaintiff and Ralph Bayly defendant, excluding those arising from their executorship of the will of Thomas Bayly, clerk, Ralph's father, should with the consent of the parties be referred to arbitration by William Glanvill and Geoffrey Daniell, and, if not determined by them on or before the first day of next term, to Sir Edward Bayntun as umpire for determination before 1 February next. Bayntun has today heard testimony in the presence of both parties and has judged that Ralph Bayly should pay Thomas £5 and that each should seal to the other releases of all debts arising from these matters on or before 28 February next.

25 [p. 27] 1666. Marlborough. Wiltshire justices of the peace, named below, at quarter sessions and at the request of the lord lieutenant rate the divisions of the county for raising money or men at the following proportions of £100 or 100 men.

Salisbury division with Salisbury
city 25
Warminster division 20
Marlborough division 17
Devizes division 15
Chippenham division 15
Trowbridge division 8
Sir Francis Seymour Sir John Ernle
Sir William Eyre Sir Anthony Hungerford
Sir Walter Vaughan Sir George Joye
Sir Henry Poole Edward Long
Sir John Dauntsey
Note that the same rate was offered in Queen Elizabeth's time during the Irish wars and since.

26 [p. 27] 1672. Quarterly payments due from the northern hundreds of Wiltshire to maimed soldiers and mariners, to Fisherton Anger gaol, and to the King's Bench and Marshalsea prisons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Maimed soldiers etc.</th>
<th>King's Bench and Marshalsea</th>
<th>Fisherton Anger gaol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calne</td>
<td>£2 12s.</td>
<td>11s. 1ld.</td>
<td>7s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chippenham</td>
<td>£6 9s.</td>
<td>£2 3s. 4d.</td>
<td>19s. 7½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Damerham</td>
<td>£1 9s. 8d.</td>
<td>8s. 8d.</td>
<td>3s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple</td>
<td>£5 7s. 8d.</td>
<td>18s. 4½d.</td>
<td>14s. 4d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kingsbridge</td>
<td>£2 12s. 8d.</td>
<td>10s. 4d.</td>
<td>8s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kinwardstone</td>
<td>£4 4s. 6d.</td>
<td>14s. 1d.</td>
<td>12s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malmesbury</td>
<td>£7 4s.</td>
<td>£2 6s. 8d.</td>
<td>15s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potterne and Cannings</td>
<td>£1 13s.</td>
<td>5s. 6d.</td>
<td>4s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Devizes borough</td>
<td>6s. 8d.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramsbury</td>
<td>13s.</td>
<td>2s. 6d.</td>
<td>3s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selkley</td>
<td>£3 5s.</td>
<td>10s. 10d.</td>
<td>7s. 4d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swanborough</td>
<td>£6 10s.</td>
<td>£1 1s. ½d.</td>
<td>8s.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note that the payments were made at the Easter sessions at Devizes.

27 [p. 28] Undated. Table of the six divisions of Wiltshire, including 29 hundreds and 100 equal parts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Salisbury division</th>
<th>9 hundreds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salisbury city</td>
<td>4 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amesbury</td>
<td>4 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Branch and Dole</td>
<td>4 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elstub and Everly</td>
<td>3 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alderbury</td>
<td>2 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cadowne and Cadworth</td>
<td>2 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downton</td>
<td>2 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chalke</td>
<td>2 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underditch</td>
<td>1 part</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frustfield</td>
<td>1 part</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>25 parts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warminster division</th>
<th>6 hundreds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dunworth</td>
<td>4 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mere</td>
<td>2½ parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Damerham</td>
<td>2½ parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hatsbury</td>
<td>3½ parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warminster</td>
<td>3¾ parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whoresdowne</td>
<td>3½ parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>20 parts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Marlborough division 4 hundreds
Kingsbridge 5 parts
Selkely 4 1/3 parts
Highworth 6 1/3 parts
Ramsbury 1 1/3 part
Total 17 parts

Devizes division 3 hundreds
Kinwardstone 6 parts
Swanborough 6 parts
Potterne and Cannings with Devizes borough and Bromham and Rowde liberty 3 parts
Total 15 parts

Chippenham division 4 hundreds
Chippenham 6 parts
Malmesbury 6 parts
Calne 2 parts
North Damerham 1 part
Total 15 parts

Trowbridge division 3 hundreds
Milksham and Trowbridge liberty 5 parts
Bradford 4 parts
Westbury 3 parts
Total 8 parts [sic]

28 [p. 28] 6 Mar. 1665. Swindon. The Wiltshire commissioners, named below, for the levying of a royal aid of £2,477,500 give notice of a general meeting of all commissioners for the county to be held at Devizes, the usual place for such meetings, at the sign of the George at 9 a.m. on Thursday 9 March next. The undersheriff is to notify the commissioners by the bailiffs of the hundreds. Walter St. John, Edward Poole, John Ernle, George Bond, Edward Goddard, Richard Southbye, Ralph Freke, Thomas Benett, Edmund Webb, John Norden, William Sadler, Neville Massenbie, William Levett, Edward Warneford, Robert Hippesley

29 [p. 29] 14 Mar. 1665. Chippenham. Order to constables of Chippenham hundred arising from the meeting of 9 March [see 28] to issue warrants for the assessment by pound rate or otherwise of £354 due from the hundred. The constables are to appoint two or more assessors from every parish and tithing who will report to the undersigned commissioners at William Stevens's house in Chippenham at 9 a.m. on Thursday 30 March. Duplicates of the assessments will then be made and sub-collectors appointed on the constables' nomination by the commissioners. The sub-collectors will make payment on or before 18 April to the high-collector for the hundred appointed by the commissioners. Payment will be made by him to the
receiver general so that the contributions may be paid into the Receipt of Exchequer on or before 1 May. Constables neglecting their duty are liable to fines not exceeding £20 each. George Hungerford, William Duckett, John Estcourt, E[dward] B[ayntun], John Wild, George Ayliffe

30 [p. 29] 1668. Form of nomination and appointment of sub-collector as in 29. The persons from whom collection is to be made are to be named in the appointment; the sub-collector has power to distrain for non-payment.

31 [p. 30] 1663-74. Old rents received from Robert Jenkins and William Wilcoxe for Bremhill, Stanley, and Rowden manors, and from Benjamin Webb for Bromham, Chittoe, and Clenchman manors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1663</td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£68 10s. 0¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>John Tidfall then owed 10d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1664</td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£62 16s. 5½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£29 10s. 11d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1665</td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£63 11s 9½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£44 15s. 3½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£62 15s. 3½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>John Tidfall then owed 3½d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1666</td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£68 12s. 10½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£44 15s. 3½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£62 9s. 9½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>John Tidfall then owed 9½d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1667</td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£68 12s. 10½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£44 15s. 3½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£62 9s. 9½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>John Tidfall then owed 9½d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1668</td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£68 12s. 10½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£44 15s. 3½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£62 9s. 9½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>John Tidfall then owed 9½d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1669</td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£69 10s. 8½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bromham etc.</td>
<td>£44 15s. 3½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£63 1s. 11¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670</td>
<td>Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£63 2s. 6¾d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Apr. Bremhill etc. £70 5s. 11¾d.
20 June Bromham etc. £44 15s. 3½d.
22 Oct. Bromham etc. £29 6s. 11d.
11 Nov. Bromhill etc. £64 1s. 10¾d.

1671
20 Apr. Bremhill etc. £70 6s. 5½d.
8 May Bromham etc. £44 15s. 3½d.
25 Oct. Bromham etc. £29 10s. 11d.
15 Nov. Bromhill etc. £64 1s. 10¾d.

1672
30 Apr. Bromham etc. £44 15s. 3½d.
1 May Bromhill etc. £70 6s. 5d.
28 Oct. Bromham etc. £29 10s. 11d.\(^\text{4}\)
2 Nov. Bromhill etc. £64 1s. 10¾d.

1673
19 Apr. Bremhill etc. £70 6s. 6d.
28 Apr. Bromham etc. £44 15s. 3¾d.
25 Oct. Bromham etc. £29 10s. 11d.\(^\text{4}\)
1 Nov. Bremhill etc. £64 1s. 10¾d.

1674
20 Apr. Bremhill etc. £70 6s. 6d.
8 May Bromham etc. £44 5s. 3½d.

1 Robert Jenkins makes payments for Bremhill etc. from Mar. 1663.
2 Note crossed through.
3 William Wilcox makes payments for Bremhill etc. from May 1669.
4 In margin: 1 lb. cumin seed.

32 [p. 36] 9 Jan. 1666. Orders of the justices of the peace for Wiltshire to prevent the spread by the carriage of goods or by wandering beggars of the plague which infected London, Westminster, Southwark, and Southampton. [Text given in full]

1. First, that no tradesman or other person whatsoever living in this county after publication of these orders receive into their house any wares or goods from London, Westminster, Southwark, Southampton, or other towns infected, unless the persons that bring the wares or goods bring also with them an authentic certificate to be allowed by the chief magistrate of every town corporate or the minister and one constable at least of the villages respectively that the same are free from infection, and in case of doubt to advise with the next justice of the peace, upon pain that the houses of such as shall offend in the premises and their family shall be shut up by the constables or other officers of the place and not to be opened again but with the consent and allowance of the two next justices of the peace.

2. And that no innkeeper, alehousekeeper, or victualler receive such goods other than of travellers for one night, upon pain of every such innkeeper and alehousekeeper or victualler doing contrary to be suppressed from further entertaining and victualling and also have their houses shut up as aforesaid.

3. That in case any persons shut up as aforesaid shall refuse to submit or resist the officers in doing their office in the premises, such persons shall be by the officers compelled to keep in the said house or shall be committed to the
gal if they be free from infection or, if danger be of infection, then when
danger of infection is over then to be committed to the common gaol there to
remain till the next sessions of the peace.

4. That no pedlars, petty chapmen, tinkers, fiddlers, beggars, or other
vagabonds be permitted to pass or wander up and down the county from
place to place and none beg out of their own towns or parishes upon the
penalties that by statutes of the realm are to be inflicted as well upon them
as upon the constables and other officers that neglect their duty herein; and
in order hereunto, that watches and wards be duly kept according to law.

5. If any house or person be infected or suspected to be infected, it shall be
lawful for the constables of the place or some of them by and with the
consent of one justice of peace to shut up such house and person as afore-
said, the same not to be opened again but by the allowance of two next
justices as aforesaid, and in case of resistance or refusal to submit such
persons to be compelled as aforesaid.

6. That these orders be published in every market town within this county,
not exempt from the county, some market day within one month after the
date hereof, and copies thereof be taken by the sheriff and by him delivered
to the respective chief constables, they to send copies thereof to the petty
constables of each township and parish in their respective divisions.

7. That copies of these orders be sent by the sheriff to the several towns and
boroughs of this county that have justices of the peace by charter and are
exempt from the county at large, who are desired to make the like orders
within their several limits and jurisdictions.

Ex par[te] Francis Sambrooke, deputy clerk of the peace for Wiltshire

33 [p. 38] 4 Jan. 1666. Devizes. Commissioners, named below, order that
£1,960 17s. 7d. a month and £1,488 9s. 6½d. a month be levied from the
divisions of the county over the next two years, under two Acts, granting a
Royal Aid 16 & 17 Charles II c. 1, and for Further Supply 17 Charles II c. 1.
Sir John Weld, high sheriff, Edward Howard, Sir Walter St. John, Bt., Sir
George Hungerford, Bt., Sir Edward Bayntun, Sir William Calley, Francis
Wroughton, John Pleydell, Henry Hungerford, Henry Bayntun, Henry
Clerke, William Yorke, Geoffrey Daniell, John Norder, John Kent, John
Long, James Ash, Giles Eyre, William Levett, Richard Greene, Thomas
Hunt, Robert Chaloner

The sums to be raised in the following proportions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Royal aid (quarterly payments)</th>
<th>Supply (quarterly payments)</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salisbury</td>
<td>£1,430 18s. 1¼d.</td>
<td>£1,082 17s. 4d.</td>
<td>£2,513 15s. 5¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24¼ parts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warminster</td>
<td>£1,106 7s. 4¾d.</td>
<td>£837 5s. 4½d.</td>
<td>£1,943 12s. 9¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18¼ parts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trowbridge</td>
<td>£472 1s. 0¼d.</td>
<td>£357 4s. 8½d.</td>
<td>£829 5s. 8½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 parts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Marlborough £1,032 12s. 2¾d. £781 9s. 0¼d. £1,814 1s. 3d.
17½ parts

Devizes £914 11s. 11¾d. £692 2s. 10¼d. £1,606 14s. 10d.
15½ parts

Chippenham £944 2s. 0½d. £714 9s. 4¾d. £1,658 11s. 5¼d.
16 parts

[p. 39 is blank]

34 [p. 40] 2 Oct. 1666. Marlborough. Order made at quarter sessions in a dispute between Lacock and Chitway parishes over the maintenance of Philip Hunt, an idiot. The court finds that Hunt’s last legal place of settlement was Lacock, where he had lived with his mother, and that he should be returned thither.

Ex parte Francis Sambrooke, deputy clerk of the peace

35 [p. 40] 8 Oct. 1666. Marlborough. Order made at quarter sessions on complaint from the county treasurers of the collections for the relief of maimed soldiers and mariners and prisoners in the King’s Bench and Marshalsea gaols that money due to them at quarter sessions is detained by high constables, tithingmen, parish constables, or churchwardens. On complaint by the treasurers to any justice that a high constable is in arrears, the constable is to be summoned and if he or the parish officers are found negligent they are to be bound over to answer at the next quarter sessions.

Ex parte Francis Sambrooke, deputy clerk of the peace

36 [p. 41] 29 July [1667]. The King’s speech in the House of Lords.¹ [Text given in full]

My lords and gentlemen,

I summoned you by proclamation when we were in great straits. The business is now over; and I cannot tell how to oblige you better than sending you into the country at such a time as this. I wonder which thing I have done since I came into England that should give occasion of jealousy that I intended to govern by a standing army? I am more [an] Englishman; and if others do but as well observe the law as I shall do, there shall be no need of any such thing. And for the forces which were lately raised, I did grant no one commission till the enemy was landed and I am sure the officers themselves are desirous to be disbanded; as the last summer, when I raised my troops, as soon as the danger was over I caused them to be disbanded. There is now a peace concluded that will speedily be published, which will be great satisfaction to Christendom. I hope we shall meet the 10th of October to restore [the] nation to its ancient splendour, and I trust I shall do my part. No[w], lord chancellor, do your duty.

The lord chancellor’s speech

His Majesty hath ordered me to prorogue this parliament till the 10th of
October next, and it is prorogued till the 10th of October.

1 A longer version of the speech is in Lord’s Journal, xii. 114.

37 [p. 41] 12 July 1669. Authorisation from Sir Edward Bayntun to churchwardens of Calne to distrain and sell goods of those refusing payment of a rate which on 7 June 1669 he had ordered to be levied for gaols, the Marshalsea, mariners, and maimed soldiers.

38 [p. 41] 12 Jan. 1669. Salisbury. Order made at quarter sessions that pensions now paid by the county treasurers are to cease at Michaelmas [29 September] next and that only those having a certificate from one or more justices of the peace will thereafter receive pensions. Justices are desired to give certificates only to the truly poor and deserving.

Ex parte Thomas Dennett, deputy clerk of the peace


By indenture of 30 June 1646, confirmed by the dean and chapter of Salisbury 6 July 1646, Brian [Duppa], bishop of Salisbury, granted to Richard Chaworth D.C.L. a lease for 21 years of the manor, lordship, and hundred of Bishops Cannings and of all his lands etc. in Bishops Cannings, Chittoe, Horton, Burton, Easton, Cote, Roundway, Nusteeds, Weeke, Highway, Bedborough, Bupton, and Cleve, at a yearly rent of £180 and 24 qr. of wheat. Henley, to whom Chaworth’s interest has been conveyed, assigns to Bayntun for the remainder of the term at a yearly rent of £3 19s. 4d. premises in Chittoe, reputed possessions of the bishopric and parcel of Bishops Cannings manor, now or formerly in the tenure of Bayntun, Henry Rawlins, Joan Baily, Robert Stone, John Elms, Sarah Leigh, John Sloper, Andrew Jennings, Elizabeth Collett, Dorothy Pierce, James Pierce, Richard Baily, Benjamin Francombe, Prosy Chiver, Elizabeth Lanfer, Francis Leigh, Benjamin Hobbs, William Baily, Henry Young, Ann Young, John Jennings, Thomas Hobbs, Edward Way, Ann Baily, Ann Wilkins, and Francis Sparrow, or their assigns, including the following customary and copyhold lands; 140 a. and 60 a. formerly parcel of the Heath or Chittoe Heath, 20 a. formerly parcel of Richard Bailey’s copyhold tenement, 1½ a. formerly parcel of the tenement of Joan Baily, widow, all impaled within Spye Park, now held by Bayntun or his assigns. Henley covenants to convey to Bayntun within three months his interest in the premises and that of his brother Sir Andrew Henley, Bt.


Forasmuch as information hath been given to us from several parts of the kingdom that those who separate themselves from the established worship do meet in greater numbers than formerly, to such a degree as may endanger the public peace, with which we cannot but take notice also how far our
known and still avowed easiness to indulge tender consciences is abused thereby; wherefore by the advice of our privy council we have thought fit to issue this our proclamation, straitly charging and commanding our justices of the peace within the limits of their several jurisdictions, where they shall find any such meetings to be held, that they put the laws in execution for suppression thereof, and particularly proceed against the preachers, according to the statute made in the seventeenth year of our reign, entitled an Act of restraining nonconformists from inhabiting in corporations [17 Charles II c. 2].

41 [p. 47] 21 Mar. 1667. Order from George Johnson, steward of Stanley manor, to the bailiff or reeve of the manor and the tithingmen of Stanley and Nethermore to summon the court leet or lawday and the court baron to meet at the accustomed place at 8 a.m. on 1 April next.

42 [p. 47] 25 Nov. 1668. Appointment by Sir Edward Bayntun, Dame Elizabeth Derham of Derham Abbey (Norf.), John Osborne of Chicksands (Beds.), John Dutton Colt of Hereford, and Richard Walmesley of Dunkinhall (Lancs.), of William Gray of New Malton to receive rents etc. from 1 inge or parcel of meadow commonly called the Castle Inge or How Inge in Pickeringlyth (Yorks.), previous letters of attorney to Richard Derham being revoked. Witnesses: Charles Danvers, John Horton

[pp. 48-9 missing or not included in numeration]

43 [p. 50] Mar. 1667. Orders from George Johnson, steward, to the bailiffs or reeves of Bromham Bayntun and Bromham manors, to summon meetings of the court baron of Bromham Bayntun on 30 March at 2 p.m., and of the court leet or lawday and court baron of Bromham [no date or time given].

[The bailiff of a third manor, the name of which is torn and illegible, is ordered to summon a meeting of the court baron and halimote on 30 March at 2 p.m.]

44 [p. 50] 21 Oct. 1668. Form of endorsement for a surrendered lease, giving as example a surrender by Henry Tugwell to Sir Edward Bayntun. Witnesses: George Johnson, Thomas Stevens

Note that the surrender of the old should be dated a day or more before the date of a new lease.

45 [attached to p. 51] n.d. Fragment concerning a dispute between Thomas Mompesson of Corton and Thomas Lambert of Boyton, over flooding meadows in Boyton and Sherrington, referred from assizes held before Sir [John] Archer, a justice of the Common Pleas, on 21 February last to Sir Henry Co . . . and others for determination.

46 [p. 51] 9 Oct. 1675. Order made by Sir Edward Bayntun in a dispute between John Tyck and Edith Whitlock plaintiffs and John Webb defendant, referred to him from the assizes held at Salisbury on 10 July last before Sir Francis North, chief justice of the Common Pleas, and Stephen Vere Bertie,
a baron of the Exchequer, that Webb pay the plaintiffs 2s. 6d. in damages and 2s. 6d. in costs before 20 November next.


[There follows the text of *Vox & Lacrimae Anglorum*, by George Wither, an attack in verse on Charles II's government, published anonymously in 1668.]

48 [p. 56] When the plate was at pawne and the fobb at an ebb . . .

[There follows the full text, with some lines rearranged, of *A Prophetick Lampoon made anno 1659, relating what would happen to the government under King Charles II*, attributed to George Villiers, duke of Buckingham (d. 1687), and published c. 1675. The lines are preceded by the words 'Eikon Basilici Charles II' perhaps added afterwards by Bayntun.]

[p. 57 is blank]

49 [p. 58] Second copy of 42

50 [p. 58] n.d. Endorsement on a lease, noting that the deed was delivered to Robert Jenkins as an escrow, to come into effect on payment of £250 by Thomas Frowde to Sir Edward Bayntun before 21 March 1671. Witnesses: James Crumpe, John Horton, Geoffrey Primell, John Clarke

51 [p. 58] 5 Mar. 1666. Authorisation from Sir Edward Bayntun to John Roman of Goatacre, clothier, and Daniel Frearne of Glocester, husbandman, for the surrender to John Wallis of Castle Combe of their estate in a tenement and appurtenances in Stanley which Bayntun granted by indenture of 1 March 1666 to John Bryant, clothier, deceased.

52 [p. 59] 11 Apr. 1672. Licence from Sir Edward Bayntun to Thomas Seagar or Parsons of Compton Bassett, yeoman, to let for Seagar's life all or part of the lands in Bremhill manor which he holds of Bayntun by a lease of 9 April 1672.


Madam,

Could I have gotten any sooner I should not have stayed till now. I think they are become more scarcer than heretofore, yet lampreys taken in February (when the spring is not very forward) do not abate of their esteem in our parts. John Wiltshire our carrier hath promised carefully to carry and to leave on Thursday morning next at Wallingford House with some servant there a lamprey pie directed to your ladyship, which I hope you will be pleased to accept as coming from one that will always be ready thankfully to acknowledge his obligations received, though I despair of ever being able to make any return answerable. We all enjoy health here in the country (praise
be God) and are as glad to hear the like of all our noble friends and relations with your ladyship. Harry seemed transported the other night when amongst twenty it was his good fortune to draw your pretty daughter, My Lady Sophia, for his valentine. With my humble service to My Lord Treasurer and all your noble family and a blessing upon My Lady Sophia, I rest, madam, your ever obliged kinsman and very humble servant. E.B.

[The letter is on a separate sheet attached to p. 59.]

1 A contract of marriage between Bayntun's son Henry and Lady Sophia was drawn up, apparently on 12 June 1674, but the marriage did not take place; see 76 and introduction pp. xv–xvi.


Reverend sir,

Whereas upon occasion of the great and general complaint of open conventicles and unlawful meetings under pretence of religion I have received an order dated 8 June 1669 requiring that by the assistance of archdeacons and all and every parochial minister, parson, vicar, curate, and by all other persons and means I should make a speedy inquiry within the diocese of Salisbury as well in the places of peculiar and exempt jurisdiction as in those under ordinary charge and jurisdiction,

1. What and how many conventicles are held in every town or parish and at whose house or in what places they are usually held?
2. What are the numbers that usually meet at them, and of what condition or sort of people they consist?
3. Who are their ministers, teachers, heads, or governors, and who are the principal persons frequenting and abetting those meetings?
4. What authority they pretend and from whom and on what grounds they look for impunity?

These are therefore in obedience to the said order to require and enjoin you that you forthwith acquaint all and singular the parsons, vicars, and curates within your deanery of Malmesbury with the injunctions above written and with this my letter, and at some time before 10 July next ensuing you give unto me or cause to be given in writing at the palace of Salisbury an account of all such unlawful meetings under pretence of religion as are or of late have been within the deanery according to the particular articles of inquiry above written.

Furthermore, you are to acquaint the said ministers, parsons, vicars, and curates that, if such conventicles happen to be in any of their parishes respectively, they are then to give notice thereof and to complain to the next justice or justices of the peace for redress. And if the said justice or justices of the peace refuse to give their assistance, they are forthwith to give notice thereof to my chancellor at Salisbury in writing from time to time, expressing the name and surname of the persons refusing or failing as aforesaid, as also
the time, place, and other circumstances, with the names of some persons who upon occasion may testify such refusal or failing.

Sir, you are to be exceeding careful in the execution of these injunctions and by no means to fail in giving an account thereof within the time and in the manner aforesaid. And so, heartily commending you to the goodness of the Almighty, I remain your affectionate brother and faithful diocesan, Seth Sarum.¹

¹ Answers to these questions were presumably incorporated in the bishop's return of non-conformists in his diocese, 1669, which is printed in G. L. Turner, Original Records of Early Nonconformity (1911), i. 106–27.


Sir,

I was on Saturday with Sir Edward Hungerford at Chafield, where I received this enclosed,¹ left (it seems) with Mr. Eyre² and by his sudden journey unto Hampshire forgotten to be sent.

Sir Edward Hungerford prevailed with his son to dispatch a messenger to him on Saturday and by him a letter from himself, entreating him not to fail of being at Corsham on Thursday next with an account of those matters mentioned in the bishop's letter, but in case he could not possibly be there, then to transmit the examinations by some person able to give the history of all that hath proceeded. Sir Edward Hungerford desired me to present you his service and to let you know he will wait on you at the George in Corsham Thursday next 'twixt 10 and 11 of the clock in the morning.

Sir, I am your most humble servant, Giles Hungerford.

¹ i.e. 56.
² See 56.


Noble and much honoured sir,

His Majesty having been informed that since the late Act for Suppression and Prevention of Unlawful Conventicles [22 Charles II, c. 1] divers great and outrageous meetings upon pretense of religion had been kept within this diocese, especially within the divisions of Warminster and the Devizes in the county of Wilts., to the hazard of the public peace and in open affront of His Majesty's laws and government, he was pleased (upon August 17) to give me in express command,

1. That I should in His Majesty's name earnestly call upon the justices of this county that they should with all care and diligence put the said Act against Conventicles in execution,

2. That I should make a particular enquiry concerning the grounds of that information which His Majesty had received,

3. That I should likewise enquire what course had been already taken (in
those parts) for the execution of that Act and with what success,
4. And that having informed myself concerning the particulars I should
give an account thereof to His Majesty.

In obedience therefore to His Majesty's command I have endeavoured to
inform myself concerning these meetings, and by the letters of several
persons taken by John Eyres of Chalfield esq., one of His Majesty's justices
of the peace for this county (to whom I crave leave to refer yourself and other
justices for particulars), I find that such unlawful meetings have been lately
very frequent and numerous within the limits of your division.

And these are (in furtherance of His Majesty's command) to desire
yourself and other justices of that division to be careful for the future to put
the aforesaid Act against Conventicles in a true execution, and further to
entreat you that (within the space of one and twenty days after the date of
these) you will be pleased that I may receive some information what hath been
already done towards the suppression and prevention of such unlawful
meetings in your division, and with what success, that so I may be enabled to
give His Majesty such an account as may be agreeable to the duty of, noble
sir, your faithful diocesan and very humble servant, Seth Sarum.¹

¹ A similar letter of the same date, addressed to the justices of Warminster and Devizes, is in

others to Seth [Ward], bishop of Salisbury. [Text given in full]

May it please your lordship,

Since the receipt of your several letters of the 7th instant¹ we have met and
made diligent enquiry into the grounds of the informations therein men-
tioned and cannot find that there hath been any such great and outrageous
meetings as were represented. Concerning those that have been complained
of, there hath been a due procedure against them according to the late Act
viz. distresses taken and many of them sold, the rest deposited in safe hands
in order thereunto. And for the future there shall be that care taken in these
parts that we hope may prevent all colour of the like informations against
Wiltshire or any part thereof. Having within the time limited given your
lordship this true and faithful account of our country, we hope it may satisfy
and that these parts shall not lie under a worse character that any other
country, being, we are certain, that none will anywhere be found more ready
to serve His Majesty to the advantage of the present government there.

My lord, your lordship's most obedient, very humble servants, Edward
Bayntun, Edward Hungerford, Richard Lewes, James Mountagu, Giles
Hungerford, George Johnson²

¹ i.e. 56.
² This letter is calendared in Cal. S. P. Dom. 1670, 417.

58 [p. 62] 3 Aug. 1669. Bond in £600 by Geoffrey Primell of Nash House in
Bremhill and his son Henry to Sir Edward Bayntun

Primell, who by an indenture of 2 August 1669 received from Bayntun a lease
of a messuage and 4 yardlands called Nash House in Bremhill for 99 years or
the lives of himself, Henry Primell, and Elizabeth Jones, on surrender of his
previous lease of the premises and for payment of £300, is to pay that sum to
Bayntun on or before 29 September next, or to surrender the indenture and
receive at his own cost a new lease for the lives of himself and Henry Primell.
Witnesses: Matthew Charles, Timothy Richards

[Bond in Latin]

59  [p. 63] 29 May 1661. Bond in £2,000 by Sir James Thynne of Longleat
and Sir Thomas Thynne of Richmond (Surr.) to Sir Edward Bayntun

The executors of Sir James or Sir Thomas are to pay £1,000 to Bayntun
within two months of Sir Thomas’s death. Witnesses: Mervyn Tuckett,
Richard Sanger

[Bond in Latin]

60  [p. 64] 3 Apr. 1671. Chippenham. Extract from letters patent of 2 May
1554 to the bailiff and burgesses of Chippenham1 presented by Thomas Neate
and others to Sir Edward Bayntun, Mr. Johnson, and Mr. Montague,
justices of the peace

To aid in the expenses of sending burgesses to parliament and of repairing the
bridge over the river Avon and the Causeway on the river bank, Queen Mary
granted to the town a close called Ingland, 17 a., a meadow close called
Westmead, 30 a., a messuage and ½ yardland called Parrocks in Rowden
Down, 120 a., a pasture close called Burleigh’s, 4 a., 21 a. arable in the open
fields of Chippenham, Rowdens Down Coppice, 21 a., and a pasture called
Boltscroft. The signatories to the extract, Thomas Neate, Edward Bailiffe,
Henry Gouldney, William Stephens, Jonathan Rogers, Richard Stevens,
William Edwards, Gabriel Gouldney, John Scott, William Gale, and John
Stevens, allege that they have only 17 a. of the 120 a. in Rowden Down.

Note that the extract was incomplete when presented, and that the signatories
dined with the justices that day.

1  Printed in Cal. Pat. 1553-4, 103-5.

lands] in and about Chippenham for the repair of the Causeway1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>Annual Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jonathan Scott</td>
<td>9s. 4d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Alford</td>
<td>10s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Elly</td>
<td>£2 10s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Scott</td>
<td>14s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George Willis</td>
<td>£1 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Fleetwood</td>
<td>10s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Gent</td>
<td>[torn]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Jonathan Scott, Alford, Fleetwood, and Gent owe rent for the year, and Elly, John Scott, and Willis for the half year ending 25 March 1671.

1 Maud Heath’s charity, for the maintenance of a causeway between Bremhill Wick Hill, in Bremhill, and Chippenham, is described in Endowed Char. Wilts. 266-7.

62 [p. 65] 30 Dec. 1672. Note that the rent roll, 61, and a deed relating to the lands are now in Abjohn Stokes’s hands. The deed, dated 18 February 1668, was apparently executed by Robert King of Bremhill, clothier, and John Harris, and referred to the conveyance of Maud Heath’s lands to Sir George Hungerford, Bt., his brother Robert, Abjohn Stokes, Robert Harris, Robert Jenkins of Bremhill, William Goffe, William Hand junior, Henry Bishop, John Harris, John Lewes, George son of George Lewes of Spirthill, Edward Crooke, Henry Aland, Hugh Westfield, and their heirs as feoffees. Livery was given by Thomas Neate. Bishop, John Lewes, and Neate are dead.

63 [p. 66] 1669-70. Chippenham. Accounts of the supervisors of the highways

1669

Receipts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>£21 18s. 4d.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Received from the last supervisors</td>
<td>9s. 2d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Disbursements

[To] make the book
Thomas Brewer
Thomas Hellier, 4 days
George Comby, 5 days
William Pollard, 4 days
William Filldowne, 1 day
George Comby, 4 days
William Pollard, 3 days
William Filldowne, 4 days
Thomas Hellier, 4 days
Mr. Foster’s man
William Filldowne, 3 days
Thomas Hellier, 3 days
George Comby, 3 days
Robert Writt, 2 days
Richard Hood for 5 loads of stones and 1 day’s work
William Edwards for carriage of stones
Thomas Brewer for stones
Gabriel Goldney
George Comby, 3 days
Thomas Hellier, 3 days
Edward Tristram for 33 yards of pitching in the ivy [sic] 8s. 9d.
Thomas Pollard, 3 days 2s. 0d.
George Comby, 6 days 3s. 8d.
William Aland for stone and work done in Stanly 13s. 9d.
Nathaniel Bayliffe for taking the parish indictments at Warminster sessions £1 0s. 0d.
Thomas Hellier, 2 days 1s. 4d.
Thomas Brewer for 3 loads of stones 3s. 0d.
Edward Coly 1s. 4d.
Gabriel Goldney for stones 5s. 0d.
Thomas Godwyn and Isaac Gringell for work done at the wooden bridge 10d.
Thomas Bawne for timber and work done at the same bridge 12s. 0d.
John Holbrow 6d.
Edward Coly 6d.
Richard Kynton for 18 loads of stones 6s. 0d.
Isaac Gringell for 18 loads of stones 6s. 0d.
Mr. Foster, 8 stones 2s. 8d.
Harry Winkworth for work with his plough £1 11s. 2d.
John Scott for work with his plough £1 4s. 0d.
Mr. Bayliffe for work with his plough £1 10s. 0d.
Mr. Foster for work with his plough 10s. 8d.
Matthew Rose for work with his plough 11s. 8d.
John Sparrow for work with his plough £3 1s. 6d.
William Pollard, 5 days 4s. 6d.
George Comby, 6 days 5s. 0d.

Arrears
Anthony Trotman 1s. 4d.
George Willis 4d.
Thomas Lanfer 3d.
William Bedford 1s. 8d.
Thomas Lovell 4d.
Richard Pinchin 4d.
John Mayo 4d.
The tenant for Haywards 11s. 4d.
H. Bayntun for Closewoods 13s. 4d.
Mr. Oldfield for Mr. Ledall’s 2s. 8d.
The same for himself 4s. 0d.
Mr. Blake 4s. 0d.
Hugh Godwyn senior 1s. 8d.
Edward Munday 3s. 4d.
Charles Reeves 5s. 8d.
Thomas Hancock 3s. 4d.
More [from] Mr. Trotman 3s. 0d.
The tenant for the parsonage 16s. 0d.
Hammonds hold 1s. 0d.
Escotts hold 1s. 0d.
Richard Gale or [his] tenant 8d.
William Salter 4d.
Robert Norrington 4d.
John Bull or his son 1s. 5d.
Widow Bowyer 1s. 0d.
Robert Baker 5s. 0d.
Wastfields hold 1s. 8d.
William Woodcroft's heirs 2s. 0d.
The tenant for Scotts hold 1s. 0d.
William Kinfick and Manfield for Loxhill farm £1 4s. 0d.
The tenant for Bushy hold 2s. 4d.
Total £5 14s. 11d.

1670

Receipts
Rate £33 13s. 4d.

Disbursements
Edward Coly, 6 days 4s. 0d.
Tristram Gibbs, 4 days 2s. 8d.
Tristram Gibbs, 2 days 1s. 4d.
For making the rate 1s. 6d.
To the clerks for allowing the rate 1s. 6d.
Tristram Gibbs 6d.
Thomas Brewer 2s. 0d.
Tristram Gibbs, 2 days 1s. 4d.
Tristram Gibbs 9d.
Gibbs and his boy, 9 days 5s. 7d.
Coly, 13 days 8s. 0d.
Thomas Hellier, 2½ days 1s. 8d.
Tristram Gibbs, 2 days 1s. 6d.
Edward Coly, 6 days 4s. 0d.
Richard Pinchin for mending the two cow bridges and Causeway 12s. 0d.
Thomas Brewer for stones 2s. 0d.
Thomas Hellier, 1½ days 1s. 0d.
John Weekes 6d.
John Godwyn 1s. 0d.
George Bearnes for carriage 6s. 0d.
Thomas Brewer for 31 loads of stones and 1 day’s work 11s. 0d.
The same for 2 loads of stones 2s. 0d.
The same for timber work at Stanley bridge 6s. 6d.
Edward Tristram for work 7s. 6d.
Thomas Brewer for stones 10s. 0d.
Richard Stevens and Thomas Brewer for 137 loads of stones £2 5s. 8d.
For taking out the orders at sessions, for horse hire and diet £1 14s. 0d.
Nathaniel Baily for taking the presentment to sessions 15s. 0d.
Thomas Brewer for stones 3s. 8d.
Mr. Bayliffe for work with his plough £2 6s. 6d.
John Scott for work with his plough 12s. 0d.
William Edwards for work with his [plough] £3 2s. 6d.
Matthew Rose for work with his [plough] 14s. 0d.
Richard Darke for work with his [plough] 17s. 0d.
Mr. Thomas Hawkins for stones and work with his plough £3 16s. 0d.
Mr. Foster for stones and carriage with his plough £1 10s. 0d.
Mr. Henry Winkworth for work with his plough £4 3s. 4d.
For beer for the ploughmen 9s. 6d.
Total £27 4s. 6d.

Arrears
Borough and members
Anthony Trotman or his tenant 2s. 0d.
John Jones 1s. 0d.
John Bull's son 2s. 0d.
Samuel Elliott 6d.
Charles Glover 1s. 0d.
Christopher Spencer or [his] tenant 1s. 6d.
Widow Light 6d.
Widow Bowyer or Bartlett 1s. 6d.
Edward Edolls 1s. 6d.
Mr. Power or [his] tenant 6d.
William Salter 6d.
Sir Edward Bayntun for Frogham 1s. 0d.
Thomas Stevens for Westfields 2s. 6d.
The tenant for Blackwellhams 4s. 6d.
Charles Glover for Elcotts hold 1s. 6d.
Widow Molsley for Hammonds 1s. 6d.
William Hulbert 1s. 0d.
The tenant for what was Mrs. Collier's 1s. 0d.
Richard Aland or [his] tenant 6d.
Charles Reeve 8s. 0d.
Thomas Hancock or [his] tenant 4s. 6d.
Widow Aland or [her] tenant 1s. 6d.
Stanley and Nethermoore 6d.
Sir Edward Bayntun £1 18s. 0d.
William Kinfick and Robert Manfield £1 16s. 0d.
Jonathan Godwyn or [his] tenant 6s. 6d.
Thomas Jeffery 2s. 0d.
Sir John Talbot or [his] tenant 4s. 0d.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Blake or [his] tenant</td>
<td>6s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The tenant for Bushes hold</td>
<td>3s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Oldfield</td>
<td>6s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nathaniel Godwyn</td>
<td>4s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hugh Godwyn senior</td>
<td>2s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard Gale or [his] successors</td>
<td>3s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Godwyn</td>
<td>2s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henry Bayntun</td>
<td>£1 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Parker or [his] tenant</td>
<td>2s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>£8 16s. 0d.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Delivered by the supervisors, 3 April 1671  
Arrears of the 1670 rate  
Owing to the parish  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>64  [p. 68] 18 June 1672. Account of John Goddard, treasurer in 1671 for the collection in north Wiltshire for the King's Bench and Marshalsea [prisons], taken by Sir Walter Ernle and Sir Edward Bayntun.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts from the hundred constables</td>
<td>£38 10s. 2d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To William Croomes, keeper of Harnum hospital <em>alias</em> the spittle house</td>
<td>£5 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To houses of correction at Fisherton Anger, Marlborough, and the Devizes</td>
<td>£10 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To William Lovell, keeper of the house of correction in the Devizes, by order of the last quarter sessions</td>
<td>£11 15s. 1d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To Edmund Draughton of Clatford Park by a similar order</td>
<td>£1 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To the clerk of the peace for an order granted at Michaelmas sessions to take up the accounts of John Stevens of Rudge and [Samuel] Read, treasurers in 1669 and 1670 respectively</td>
<td>3s. 4d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>£27 18s. 5d.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining</td>
<td>£10 17s. 5d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Received of John Stevens</td>
<td>£18 8s. 11d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Received of Samuel Read of Yeaton Keynel</td>
<td>£19 0s. 7d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid to Richard Goopy, treasurer in 1672</td>
<td>£48 7s. 3d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

65  [p. 68] 19 July 1672. Devizes. Account of Francis Merriweather, treasurer in 1671 for the collection in north Wiltshire for maimed soldiers and mariners, taken as in 64

Receipts from the hundred constables  
Malmesbury  
Chippenham  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Malmesbury</td>
<td>£28 16s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chippenham</td>
<td>£25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Swanborough £26
Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple £21 10s. 8d.
Kingsbridge £10 10s. 8d.
Kinwardston £16 18s.
Selkeley £13
Calne £10 8s.
Potterne and Cannings £6 12s.
Damerham North £5 18s. 8d.
Ramsbury £2 12s.
Churchwardens of the Devizes £1 6s. 8d.

Total £168 12s. 8d. [sic]

Remaining from 1670 £96 9s. 4d.

Total £265 2s.

Disbursements
To pensioners by order of the sessions £134 6s. 2d.
To others by justices’ private orders £4 15s.
To distressed mariners, having justices’ certificates £2 10s. 6d.

Total £141 11s. 8d.

Remaining £123 10s. 4d.

Memorandum that the west side of Selkeley hundred owes £6 4s. for 1666

Note that the account was less clear and careful than Mr. Goddard’s

66 [p. 69] 2 June 1673. Account of Richard Guppey, treasurer as in 64 for 1672, taken as in 64

Receipts
From John Goddard, 18 June 1672 £48 7s. 3d.
From the hundred constables
Selkeley £2 3s. 4d.
Damerham North £1 14s. 8d.
Chippenham £8 13s. 4d.
Calne £2 7s. 8d.
Ramsbury 10s. 0d.
Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple £3 13s. 8d.
Potterne and Cannings £1 2s. 3d.
Kingsbridge £2 1s. 4d.
Swanborough £4 7s. 2d.
Malmesbury £9 6s. 8d.
Kinworthstone £2 16s. 4d.

Total £87 3s. 5d. [sic]
Disbursements
To the undersheriff, due to the lord chief justice for two years £2 2s. 0d.
To the keepers of the three houses of correction £10 0s. 0d.
To the spittle house £5 0s. 0d.
To Robert Prior by order of the sessions £1 0s. 0d.
For repair of the house of correction near Marleborough £9 4s. 1d.
Towards the repair of Lacock bridge, and 3s. 4d. for the order £3 3s. 4d.
Total £30 9s. 5d.

Remaining £56 14s. 0d.


Receipts from the hundred constables
Malmesbury £28 16s. 0d.
Chippenham £25 0s. 0d.
Calne £10 8s. 0d.
Damerham North £5 18s. 8d.
Swanborough £26 0s. 0d.
Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple £21 10s. 8d.
Kingsbridge £10 10s. 8d.
Kinnerdstone £16 18s. 0d.
Selkely £13 0s. 0d.
Potterne and Cannings £6 12s. 0d.
Ramsbury £2 12s. 0d.
Churchwardens of the Devizes £1 6s. 8d.
Total £168 12s. 8d.

Remaining from 1671 £123 10s 4d.

Total £292 3s. 0d.

Disbursements
By public order of the sessions remaining in pensioners' hands, and by the justices' private orders in the treasurer's hands £148 9s. 2d.
In prosecuting Alexander King, constable of Kingsbridge hundred, for non-payment £1 0s. 10d.

Total £149 10s. 0d.

Remaining £142 13s. 0d.

Memorandum that the west side of Selkely hundred owes £6 4s. for 1666

68  [p. 70] 1 Oct. 1670. Mortgage by William Eyre of Neston in Corsham to Sir Edward Bayntun of Spy-parke of 150 a., enclosed by a stone wall and called the Parke, in Woodlands tithing in Corsham for 31 years on payment of £1,000. The mortgage may be cancelled by payment by Eyre of £1,120 to Byntun within two years.
Note by Bayntun that, as appears in letters to Eyre dated 15 and 16 October 1670 in Bayntun’s first copybook of letters, the mortgage was made worthless by an entail created on Eyre’s marriage. Though he might have compelled the performance of covenants attached to the mortgage by calling an early meeting of Corsham court, for kinship’s sake Bayntun took no action until a court held the following April,¹ and allowed Eyre to keep the £1,000 for the term of two years.

¹ See 69.

69 [p. 72] 10 Apr. 1671. At a court held for James Long lord of Corsham manor, by Jonathan Rogers, steward, William Eyre surrendered copyhold lands, including a messuage and 1 yardland called Eyres in Neston, a messuage and ½ yardland called Collins, a messuage and ½ cotticell [sic] called Copies, a messuage and ½ cotticell called Cummins, a messuage and ½ cotticell called Littles, 3 pasture closes called Furlongs, containing 30 a., a pasture close called Farley Slade, 5 a., and 6s. 8d. p.a. rent from a close called Doddishill or Rye Croft in the possession of Anne Ducks, all of which lay in Woodlands tithing of Corsham, to the use of William Bushnell, who was then admitted. William Chapman successfully challenged Bushnell’s title, was admitted to the holding, and surrendered it to the use of Eyre, who was readmitted.¹

¹ See 68.

70 [p. 76] 5 July 1670. Warminster. Order made at a general session empowering William Gale and Humphrey Ford, surveyors of highways for Chippenham parish, to levy an additional rate not exceeding 6d. in the pound, under an Act for the Better Repairing of Highways, 22 Charles II [c. 12] and requiring them to render an account of the rate before two justices on or before 21 December next.

Ex parte Thomas Dennett, deputy clerk of the peace

71 [p. 76] 28 Apr. 1674. Devizes. At a general session John Parker, James Bartlett, Stephen Orrell, and Michael Hood are found to have been properly appointed by Sir Edward Bayntun and James Montagu as overseers of the poor for Calne parish.

Ex parte Thomas Dennett, deputy clerk of the peace

72 [p. 76] 6 Oct. 1674. Marlborough. Order made at a general session confirming 71. Robert Dyer, William Jeffrie, Edward Holloway, and Francis Pierce, who were appointed overseers by Sir James Long, Bt., and George Joyce, and whose appointment was found invalid, are to present their accounts to Sir Edward Bayntun, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Mountagu, Mr. Eyre, and Mr. Duckett, justices of the peace, or any two of them, and to be reimbursed for any money spent on the poor.

Ex parte Thomas Dennett, deputy clerk of the peace
73 [p. 77] 5 Mar. 1675. Salisbury. Order made at a general session before Sir Francis North, a justice of the King's Bench, and Sir Richard Raynesford, a justice of Common Pleas, confirming 71 and 72. The justices who appointed Dyer, Jeffries, Holloway, and Pierce were found to have acted to avoid hardship among the poor, when wrongly told that Bayntun and his fellow justices had postponed their next monthly meeting at which the appointments should have been made. Dyer and his colleagues are still acting as overseers and have refused to surrender their accounts. They are ordered to desist and to submit claims for reimbursement to Sir Edward Bayntun, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Mountagu, and Mr. Eyre, or any two of them, within the next ten days.

Examined by Laurence Swanton, clerk of the assize

74 [p. 78] 26 Apr. 1672. Surrender by Sir Edward Bayntun to John Methwen of lands in Chittoe.¹

¹ The lands were those conveyed to Bayntun by Robert Henley in 1661: see 39.

75 [p. 79] 17 Apr. 1672. Declaration of trust by George Union, wine cooper, and Francis Greeneway, yeoman, both of Bremhill

By an indenture dated the previous day Robert Bayntun of Kennett and Nicholas Bayntun of Woodstock, his brother, conveyed property in Hillmarton, Catcomb, and Lydiard Millicent to Union and Greeneway as trustees of Sir Edward Bayntun, in return for £1,000 paid to Robert and 5s. paid to Nicholas by Sir Edward. Witnesses: Charles Wilcox, Henry Hayward

76 [p. 79] 12 June 1674. Memorandum of a marriage contract made in the presence of Nicholas Gibbes, rector of Corfe Castle, between Henry, eldest son of Sir Edward Bayntun, and Lady Sophia, daughter of Thomas [Osborne], earl of Danby, lord high treasurer of England, with the consent of the parents on both sides.¹ Witnesses: Charles Bertie, George Johnson

¹ See 53 and introduction, pp. xv-xvi.

77 [p. 80] 29 July 1676. Covenant by Sir Edward Bayntun to assign to Edward Hope junior of the Devizes, grocer, the remainder of a term of 1,000 years in a messuage and house in the Devizes, conveyed to Bayntun by James Davisson, mercer, and John Hughes, saddler, both of the Devizes, by an indenture of 22 January 1676, on payment by Hope of £159 and under the terms of a proviso in the said indenture. Witnesses: John Freerne, Matthew Clarke

78 [p. 81] 28 July 1676. Bond in £300 by Edward Hope to Sir Edward Bayntun for the payment of £159 as in 77. Witnesses: John Freerne, Matthew Clarke

[Bond in Latin]

79 [p. 84] 23 Apr. 1673. Devizes. Commissioners, named below, order that
£1,966 17s. 7d. a month be levied from the divisions of the county over the next 18 months, under an Act for Supply [24 Charles II c. 1]. Walter Ernle, Edward Hungerford, Edward Bayntun, James Mountagu, William Duckett, Edward Ernle, Henry Hungerford, Giles Hungerford, Geoffrey Daniell, Abjohn Stokes, Michael Ernle, Thomas Bond, John Danvers, Oliver Cawsey, Charles Tucker, Charles Pledwell, William Chapman

The sums to be raised in the following proportions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Quarterly payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salisbury</td>
<td>£1,430 18s. 1¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24¾ parts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warminster</td>
<td>£1,106 7s. 4¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18¾ parts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trowbridge</td>
<td>£472 1s. 0¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 parts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marlborough</td>
<td>£1,032 12s. 2¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17½ parts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Devizes</td>
<td>£914 11s. 11¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15½ parts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chippenham</td>
<td>£944 2s. 0½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 parts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

80 [p. 85] 25 Apr. 1673. Order, arising from 79, from the commissioners undersigned to constables of Chippenham hundred for the assessment and collection of £377 12s. 9¾d. The procedure is that set down in 29. The constables are to submit assessments at the Red Lion in Lacock at 9 a.m. on Friday 9 May, and payment is to be made to the receiver general on or before 21 May. E[ward] B[ayntun], J[ames] Mountagu, William Duckett

Note that similar orders were made to the constables of Calne hundred for the assessment of £125 17s. 4d., to those of Malmesbury hundred for £377 12s. 9¾d., and to those of North Damerham hundred for £62 18s. 9¾d.

81 [p. 85] 1673. Form of appointment of sub-collector as in 30 for the levy ordered in 79 and 80.

82 [p. 86] 10 May 1677. Devizes. Commissioners, named below, order that £983 8s. 9¼d. a month be levied from the divisions of the county over the next 17 months under an Act for Building Ships of War [29 Charles II c. 1]. Sir Walter Ernle, Sir Edward Bayntun, William Eyre, Geoffrey Daniell, William Brouncker, Charles Yorke, Richard Hiller, mayor of Devizes

The sums to be raised in the following proportions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>5 quarterly payments</th>
<th>1 payment for 2 months</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salisbury</td>
<td>£715 9s.</td>
<td>£476 19s. 4½d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warminster</td>
<td>£553 3s. 8½d.</td>
<td>£368 15s. 8½d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Trowbridge £236 0s. 6d. £157 7s.
Marleborough £516 6s. 1½d. £344 4s. ½d.
Devizes £457 6s. £304 17s. 4d.
Chippenham £472 1s. 0½d. £314 14s. 0½d.

83 [p. 87] 12 May 1677. Order, arising from 82, from the commissioners undersigned to constables of Chippenham hundred for the assessment and collection of £188 16s. 5d. The procedure is that set down in 29. The constables are to submit assessments at the Red Lion at Lacock at 9 a.m. on Monday 28 May, and payment is to be made to the receiver general on or before 10 June. E[dward] B[ayntun], William Eyre

Note that similar orders were made to the constables of Calne hundred for the assessment of £62 18s. 9½d., to those of Malmesbury hundred of £188 16s. 5d., and to those of North Damerham hundred for £31 9s. 5d.

84 [p. 87] 1677. Form of appointment of sub-collector as in 30 for the levy ordered in 82 and 83.

85 [p. 88] 1673. Form of a certificate, to be presented in accordance with an Act for Preventing Dangers from Popish Recusants [25 Charles II c. 2] by a justice of the peace and subscribed by the minister and churchwardens of a parish, that the justice received the sacrament according to the usage of the Church of England on a stated day. Two witnesses besides the minister and churchwardens are to attend sessions when the justice presents the certificate, to swear to his identity and that they were present when he received the sacrament and when the certificate was signed; the form of their oath is given.

Note that the certificate must be written on parchment for delivery into court.

86 [p. 88] 20 Oct. 1673. Order of the House of Commons that Members who are privy councillors should acquaint the king with the House's desire that the intended marriage [of James, duke of York,] to Mary, duchess of Modena, should not be consumated and that the duke should marry a Protestant.¹

¹ The order is printed in Commons Journal, ix. 281.

87 [p. 88] He that undertakes to govern a multitude either by way of Liberty or by way of Principality . . .

[There follow extracts from Niccolò Machiavelli, Discourses, in the translation by E. Dacres published in 1636.¹]

¹ See introduction, p. xx.

88 [p. 89] 1676. Form of a certificate for the servant of an M.P., exempting him from arrest or hindrance by mayors, sheriffs, bailiffs, or other officers when engaged in his master's business.

89 [p. 89] 3 Aug. 1678. Whitehall. Licence to Henry Bayntun and Dr.
Brunel, his tutor, to travel beyond the sea for three years. Signed: J. Williamson

90 [p. 90] 13 Sept. 1677. Spy-parke. Warrant to the constables of Selkeley hundred from Sir Edward Bayntun, authorised by Philip [Herbert], earl of Pembroke and Montgomery and lord lieutenant of Wiltshire, to command a regiment of foot militia to be raised in the Marleburgh division of the county, to give notice that the stated number of foot soldiers should be sent from the places named below with two days pay and the muster-master’s dues to appear at the Angel in Marleburgh at 10 a.m. on 26 September to be sworn and trained; the constables are to attend to make return of the warrant.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Place</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Place</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alborne</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>East &amp; West Kennett</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mildenhall</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Bukhampton</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ogborne St. George</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Winterborne Bassett</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preshutt &amp; Clatford</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Avebury</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ogborne St. Andrew</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Catcombe</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winterborne &amp; Mountaine1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Broadhinton</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Lockridge</td>
<td>2½</td>
<td>Savernake parke, north</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Lockridge</td>
<td>1½</td>
<td>side</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Overton &amp; Shaw</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Marleburgh town</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 94</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 i.e. Winterborne Monkton.

91 [p. 90] 13 Sept. 1677. Precept to the constables and tithingmen of Wroughton from Sir Edward Bayntun, Walter Ernle, and Edward Goddard, to provide ten fit and able men to appear at 10 a.m. on 25 September at the the Angel in Marleburgh to be enlisted in the foot regiment of which Bayntun is colonel and to be instructed what arms they are to bring to the muster. The constables and tithingmen are also to attend to give account of the execution of the precept.

[p. 91 blank, pp. 92-3 missing or not included in numeration]

92 [p. 94] 1674-9. Old rents received from William Wilcoxe for Bremhill, Stanley, and Rowden manors, and from James Hiscock for Bromham, Chittoe, and Clench manors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1674</td>
<td>7 Nov. Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£64 2s. 4¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1675</td>
<td>18 Apr. Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£70 7s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7 Oct. Bremhill etc.</td>
<td>£64 6s. 4¾d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10 Oct. Bromham etc. for</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1½ years rents including sums</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>received from William son of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Benjamin Webb</td>
<td>£89 15s. 4½d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1676 20 Apr. Bremhill etc. £70 7s. 0d.
    1 Sept. Bromham etc. £44 15s. 3½d.
    25 Oct. Bremhill etc. £64 6s. 4¾d.
1677  8 May  Bremhill etc. £70 8s. 0d.
    11 May  Bromham etc. £29 10s. 11d.
    17 Oct. Bremhill etc. £64 6s. 4¾d.
    24 Nov. Bromham etc. £44 15s. 3½d.
1678 29 Mar. Bromham etc. £29 10s. 11d.
    20 May  Bremhill etc. £70 8s. 0d.
    31 Oct. Bremhill etc. £64 6s. 7¼d.
For 4 beast leazes in
Stockham Ma[r]sh £1 12s. 0d.
23 Dec. Bromham etc. £44 15s. 3d.
1679 24 Feb. Bromham etc. £29 10s. 11d.
    22 Apr. Bromhill etc. £70 8s. 9d.

[pp. 96-7 missing or not included in numeration]

93 [p. 98] 1674. Account of Thomas Wild, treasurer in 1674 for the collection in north Wiltshire for the King’s Bench and Marshalsea [prisons]

Receipts from the hundred constables
Selkely £2 3s. 4d.
Chippenham £8 13s. 4d.
Damerham North £1 14s. 8d.
Calne £2 7s. 8d.
Ramsbury 10s. 0d.
Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple £3 13s. 8d.
Potterne and Cannings £1 2s. 8d.
Kingsbridge £2 1s. 4d.
Swanborough £4 7s. 2d.
Malmsbury £9 6s. 8d.
Kinwardstone £2 16s. 4d.
Total £38 16s. 10d.
Remaining from 1673 £62 11s. 6d.
Total £101 7s. 8d. [sic]

Disbursements
To William Powell, keeper of the house of correction at the Devizes, for half a year’s wage £3 6s. 8d.
To Nicholas Greeneway, keeper of the house of correction near Marlborough £3 6s. 8d.
To Mr. Thorpe, master of the house of correction at Fisherton £3 6s. 8d.
To Nicholas Greeneway towards repair of the bridewell at Marlborough 7s. 0d.
To the lord chief justice for prisoners of the King’s Bench and Marshalsea £1 1s. 0d.
To Nicholas Greeneway towards repair of the bridewell at
Marleborough £3 5s. 0d.
For orders of sessions 6s. 8d.
Total £14 19s. 8d.
Remaining £86 8s. 0d.

94 [p. 99] 1674. Account of Jacob Selfe, treasurer in 1674 for the collection in north Wiltshire for maimed soldiers and mariners

Receipts from the hundred constables
Chippenham £12 10s. 0d.
Calne £5 4s. 0d.
Damerham North £2 19s. 4d.
Malmesbury £14 8s. 0d.
Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple £10 15s. 4d.
Kingsbridge £5 5s. 0d.
Kinwardstone £8 9s. 0d.
Potterne and Cannings £3 6s. 0d.
Ramsbury £1 6s. 0d.
Swanborough £13 0s. 0d.
Selkeley £6 10s. 0d.
Borough of the Devizes £13 4d.
Total £84 6s. 4d.
Received from Samuel Ash, treasurer in 1673 £81 13s. 0d.
Total £165 19s. 4d.

Disbursements
By public orders of the sessions remaining in the pensioners' hands, and by justices' private orders in the treasurer's hands £136 1s. 8d.
For orders of sessions £13. 4d.
Total £136 15s. 0d.

Memorandum that the west side of Selkely hundred, Thomas Baskervill and John Hulett constables, owes £6 4s. for 1666

[pp. 100-3 missing or not included in numeration]

95 [p. 104] 4 Apr. 1674. Devizes. Order made at a general session cancelling that of the last general session at Warminster for a county levy to raise £50 for repair of the great stone bridge at Bradford. When the earlier order was made, it was not known who was responsible for the repairs, but at general sessions at New Sarum records of sessions held at Devizes in the years 1630-2 were found to show that the town of Bradford should repair the bridge. It was then ordered that no more money should be collected until further direction and that the inhabitants of Bradford should attend the next general sessions to show cause, if they could, why the rate should not be cancelled.
As they failed to do so, the treasurer appointed for the rate, Paul Methwin of Bradford, clothier, is ordered to render account for the money he received to Sir Edward Bayntun, William Eyre, William Duckett, and William Trenchard, justices of the peace, or to any two of them, so that the court may order repayment to the county as they think fit.

Ex parte Thomas Dennett, deputy clerk of the peace


Tounson, vicar since 1638, alleges that Bayntun has occupied lands in the parish for the last ten years but has paid no tithe. He is said each year to have sown 100 qr. of wheat, the tithe of which was worth £20 p.a., and 100 qr. of barley, oats, peas, and beans, the tithe of which was worth £15; to have occupied 200 a. of meadow and cut 200 loads of hay, the tithe of which was worth £20; to have had stock grazing on 500 a. of pasture, the tithe of which was worth £50; and to have had milk and other produce, the tithe of which was worth £7. Tounson claims that Bayntun and his servants failed to set out the tithes at harvest, although requested to do so. Sometimes the servants promised to set out the tithe shortly, sometimes they claimed that Bayntun had promised to compound with Tounson for grain and other tithes. Tounson accepted the promise and took no detailed note of the harvest or of Bayntun’s stock, believing that he would, as a man of great estate and a lover of church and churchmen, set an example of willing payment to other parishioners. Bayntun, however, has denied that he made any such promise, claiming sometimes that no payment was due because an ancient composition existed, sometimes that his lands were exempt by virtue of a dispensation from a former abbey or religious house.

Examined by Thomas Medlicott

1 In margin: Hall v. Saunders.


Bayntun states that both the vicarage and the manor of Bremble or Bremell formerly belonged to Malmesbury abbey. The demesne of the manor was held tithe-free by the abbot, after the Dissolution by the king, and subsequently by Bayntun’s ancestors. Tithes may be due to Bayntun himself, as the owner, from parts of the demesne which have long been leased out. He offered Tounson satisfaction for vicarial tithes owed from copyhold or leasehold lands temporarily in hand. When the offer was refused, he ordered his servants to set out the tithes in kind, which the vicar then took. Bayntun denies that he discouraged anyone from paying tithes in kind or by composition.

Memorandum that the answer was taken at the time and place given above, before Thomas Wyatt, George Johnson, Abjohn Stokes, John Horton
98 [p. 113] 8 Oct. 1676. [John Tounson's] exceptions to 97

1. Bayntun has not declared how long he has held and occupied Bremble manor, nor has he made clear whether the abbot of Malmesbury held the demesne tithe-free time out of mind, or by what agreement, or for how long.

2. He has not declared whether the manor is the only land which he holds in the parish.

3. He has not stated the area of demesne sown with corn or other grain, set to grass, or grazed, and what the value of the tithes was, or what wool, lambs, or other tithable commodities he had in the years in question.

4. He has not said what copyhold or leasehold lands came into his hands or for how long, what tithable produce there was from the lands, and what tithes or payment were offered to the vicar.

5. He has not specified what part, if any, of the demesne was leased, what tithes he received from this, whether in kind or by composition, or from whom.

[Examined by] Thomas Medlycott

1 In margin: Hall v. Saunders.

99 [p. 1, second pagination] Observations and collections out of Nicholas Machiavell's book called the Art of War

[There follow extracts from and notes on the translation by P. Whitehorne published 1560-2.]

1 See introduction, p. xx.

100 [p. 12, second pagination] 1596-1659. Annotated extracts from court books of Bromham and Bremhill manors

4 March 1659. Widow Stratton of Seagery holds Marlefield by a grant of Sir Edward Bayntun of 23 June 1591. A heriot of £2. 10s. was paid at Henry Stratton's death in 1626-7. The widow holds two other parts of her living by a grant of Henry Bayntun of 17 October 1596. Two heriots were paid at John Stratton's death in 1624-5 and two, of £5 5s. each, at Henry Stratton's death in 1626-7.

1624-5. Grants by Edward Norborne and 'my brother' of their livings and of the ground near the hop house which was taken out of Widow Stratton's living are to be found in one lease.

9 March 1659. It appears from the records quoted above that two heriots may be taken in kind or by composition. For Marlefield it will be best to take 50s., 'which is a third heriot due from her at her death'.

For the heriot due on a widow's forfeiture by marriage, reference is made to an entry of 25 October 1567 in the court book of Bremhill manor and another of 27 October 1581 in that of Bromham manor.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Buddy, Oxenlease, the Lower Park, Watersay</td>
<td>Theophilus King</td>
<td>1659-77</td>
<td>£200 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto with the Abbey House, the Orchard, and the Mill-ham</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1677-8</td>
<td>£180 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto with the Mill-issue</td>
<td>David Langton</td>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£200 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Abbey House, the Orchard, and the Mill-ham</td>
<td>Theophilus King</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£20 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto with the Mill-issue</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1660-3</td>
<td>£21 10s. Qd. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Abbey House, the Orchard, and the Mill-ham</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1663-77</td>
<td>£20 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[For 1677-9 see under Buddy etc.]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Abbey Mill-issue</td>
<td>William Long</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£1 5s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[For 1660-3 see under the Abbey House etc.]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The stocks at the Abbey and the Mill-issue</td>
<td>Michael Fates alias Hughes</td>
<td>1663-71</td>
<td>£12 0. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry for stocks at the Abbey. No entry for the Mill-issue 1671-2]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Mill-issue</td>
<td>Theophilus King</td>
<td>1672-8</td>
<td>£1 10s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[For 1678-9 see under Buddy etc.]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part of Battens Living</td>
<td>John Dagger</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£20 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redbreach and Goosey Field</td>
<td>Benjamin Hill</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£75 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry for Goosey Field]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redbreach</td>
<td>Benjamin Hill alias Ellyott</td>
<td>1660-7</td>
<td>£50 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for 1667-8]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redbreach with Botnage Mead and Grove</td>
<td>Adam Goldney</td>
<td>1668-9</td>
<td>£65 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry for Redbreach]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunley Mead and the West Closes</td>
<td>John Bennett</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£66 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Roger Warne</td>
<td>1660-4</td>
<td>£58 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1664-9</td>
<td>£60 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Widow Warne</td>
<td>1669-70</td>
<td>£55 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for 1670-3]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunly Mead and the West Closes</td>
<td>William Simpkins</td>
<td>1673-4</td>
<td>£50 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto with Little Peverills</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1674-6</td>
<td>£51 10s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Years</td>
<td>Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunly Mead and the West Closes</td>
<td>Mary Gale, widow</td>
<td>1676-9</td>
<td>£50 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redhills and Longdum Mead ditto with Hookes Park, Bushy Lease, Goldnies Pew, Great Pew, Picts, and Peverills</td>
<td>Edward Gale</td>
<td>1659-64</td>
<td>£39 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edward and Robert Gale</td>
<td>1664-76</td>
<td>£120 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redhills, Longdum Mead, Walter Snells, the Grubbed Parks, Horsecroft, the Lawns, the Fryers Butts, and Stouts Little Ground</td>
<td>Edward Gale</td>
<td>1676-9</td>
<td>£127 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hookes Park, Bushy Lease, and Goldnies Pew</td>
<td>Edward Gale</td>
<td>1659-64</td>
<td>£32 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[For 1664-76 see under Redhills etc.]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hookes Park, Bushy Lease, Goldnies Pew, the Great Pew, Picts, Peverills, and Little Peverills</td>
<td>William Simpkins</td>
<td>1676-9</td>
<td>£80 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battens Woodlease, Picts, Peverills</td>
<td>William Aland</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£30 0s. 0d.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for Battens Woodlease after 1660; no entry for Picts or Peverills 1660-2]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Picts and Peverills</td>
<td>William Aland</td>
<td>1662-4</td>
<td>£13 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[For 1664-76 see under Redhills etc.; for 1676-9 see under Hookes Park etc.]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walter Snell's, the Grubbed Parks, Horsecroft, the Lawns, Fryers Butts</td>
<td>John Harding</td>
<td>1659-65</td>
<td>£90 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Hayward</td>
<td>1665-70</td>
<td>£90 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Hayward</td>
<td>1670-3</td>
<td>£80 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for 1673-4]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walter Snell's, the Grubbed Parks, Horsecroft, the Lawns, the Fryers Butts, and a ground lately Stout's ditto</td>
<td>John Miller</td>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£82 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£92 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[For 1676-9 see under Redhills etc.]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both the Woodleases and Milbees</td>
<td>William Barnard</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£16 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Barnard</td>
<td>1660-3</td>
<td>£15 0s. 0d. p.a.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Richard Gale</td>
<td>1663-9</td>
<td>£18 0s. 0d. p.a.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Richard Gale's widow</td>
<td>1669-70</td>
<td>£18 0s. 0d.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for 1670-1]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both the Woodleases and Milbees</td>
<td>William Barnard senior, William Barnard junior, Henry Killing</td>
<td>1671-6</td>
<td>£15 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>William Barnard junior, Henry Killing</td>
<td>1676-9</td>
<td>£15 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Aldermoire and ten</td>
<td>William Kinfick</td>
<td>1659-61</td>
<td>£6 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>good loads of hay from</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nelands Mead</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Aldermoire</td>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>1661-2</td>
<td>£16 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto and ten good loads</td>
<td></td>
<td>1662-74</td>
<td>£6 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of hay from Nelands Mead</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Aldermoire</td>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>1674-7</td>
<td>£21 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto and ten good loads</td>
<td></td>
<td>1677-9</td>
<td>£6 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of hay from Nelands Mead</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chippenham Mills</td>
<td>William Salter</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£110 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£120 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1661-3</td>
<td>£110 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>Roger Townsend</td>
<td>1663-4</td>
<td>£110 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>Gabriel Playsteed</td>
<td>1665-6</td>
<td>£110 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>1666-8</td>
<td>£100 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1668-9</td>
<td>£80 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1669-71</td>
<td>£90 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£85 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>William Salter</td>
<td>1672-4</td>
<td>£95 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>Gabriel Playsteed</td>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£105 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1675-7</td>
<td>£110 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1677-9</td>
<td>£95 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stocks at the Abbey Mill</td>
<td>Mr. Cooke</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£12 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£10 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>John Webb of Study and Henry Webb</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>William Medcalfe</td>
<td>1661-2</td>
<td>£12 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for 1662-3. For 1663-79</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>see under the Abbey Mill-issue]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Peverills</td>
<td>Widow Nash</td>
<td>1659-71</td>
<td>£1 10s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>Thomas Nash</td>
<td>1671-4</td>
<td>£1 10s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[For 1674-6 see under Dunly Mead</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>etc.; for 1676-9 see under Hookes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park etc.]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pycroft and Holtrough</td>
<td>Stephen Canaway</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£15 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>Benjamin Hill</td>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£14 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>William Edwards</td>
<td>1661-72</td>
<td>£14 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for 1672-3]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pycroft and Holtrough</td>
<td>Thomas Melsham</td>
<td>1673-6</td>
<td>£13 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1676-7</td>
<td>£14 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto with Godwins</td>
<td>Henry Aland</td>
<td>1677-8</td>
<td>£26 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Little Ground between Close</td>
<td>John Prater</td>
<td>1659-65</td>
<td>£3 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woods</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto</td>
<td>John Prater alias Hooper</td>
<td>1665-6</td>
<td>£3 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[For 1674-6 see under Dunly Mead etc.; for 1676-9 see under Hookes Park etc.]
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Landmark</th>
<th>People</th>
<th>Years</th>
<th>Annual Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>widow Prater, alias Hooper, ditto (now Rosamund Hiscock)</td>
<td>John Hiscock</td>
<td>1666-9</td>
<td>£3 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Botnage and Grove</td>
<td>William Wilshiere, ditto</td>
<td>1659-61</td>
<td>£28 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Botnage Mead and Grove</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1661-6</td>
<td>£28 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Botnage Mead and Grove</td>
<td>William Barnard, senior, William Barnard junior, Henry Killing, ditto</td>
<td>1669-70</td>
<td>£27 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Quarry at Hazlebury</td>
<td>John Williams</td>
<td>1660-2</td>
<td>£1 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Quarry at Hazlebury</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1662-3</td>
<td>£1 6s. 3d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Quarry at Hazlebury</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1663-73</td>
<td>£1 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Abbey Grist-mill</td>
<td>Robert Brookes, ditto</td>
<td>1665-6</td>
<td>£15 0s. 0d.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Abbey Grist-mill</td>
<td>Michael Fates, alias Hughes, ditto</td>
<td>1668-9</td>
<td>£13 0s. 0d. p.a.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Abbey Mills</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1669-71</td>
<td>£15 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground lately Widow Stout’s</td>
<td>William Hayward</td>
<td>1672-3</td>
<td>£2 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Annual totals of rents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£764 15s. 0d.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£689 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1661-2</td>
<td>£723 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1662-3</td>
<td>£714 6s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1663-4</td>
<td>£727 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1664-5</td>
<td>£733 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1665-6</td>
<td>£748 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1666-7</td>
<td>£708 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1667-8</td>
<td>£658 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1668-9</td>
<td>£703 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1669-70</td>
<td>£672 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-1</td>
<td>£588 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£572 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1672-3</td>
<td>£545 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1673-4</td>
<td>£526 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£633 16s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£649 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Bromham

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bromham Park etc.</td>
<td>John Scott</td>
<td>1659-63</td>
<td>£200 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Amor and William Smith</td>
<td>1663-4</td>
<td>£140 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1664-9</td>
<td>£180 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>William Smith</td>
<td>1669-79</td>
<td>£180 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromham Farm and the Hopyard²⁴</td>
<td>Robert Tarrant</td>
<td>1659-72</td>
<td>£165 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1672-8</td>
<td>£155 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>William Fowls</td>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£155 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newlease in Chittoe</td>
<td>John Baily</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£5 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£4 15s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Annual totals of rents**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£370 0s. 0d.²⁶</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£369 15s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1661-3</td>
<td>£365 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1663-4</td>
<td>£305 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1664-72</td>
<td>£345 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1672-9</td>
<td>£335 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Bremhill

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bencroft, Hanging Breach, and the Shrubbs</td>
<td>Robert Jeffery</td>
<td>1659-70</td>
<td>£80 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Edward Jeffries</td>
<td>1670-3</td>
<td>£80 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; with Longlaies</td>
<td>John Eustace</td>
<td>1673-8</td>
<td>£86 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>John Jeffries</td>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£100 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Longlaies</td>
<td>Robert Jeffery</td>
<td>1659-70</td>
<td>£26 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Edward Jeffries</td>
<td>1670-3</td>
<td>£26 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[For 1673–9 see under Bencroft etc.]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bremhill Grove and the Little Tenement by Charlecott</td>
<td>William Gough</td>
<td>1659-62</td>
<td>£77 10s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ditto William Gough's widow 1662-3 £77 10s. 0d.
'' Adam Pedington alias Tuck 1663-4 £114 0s. 0d.
'' ditto 1664-5 £100 0s. 0d.
'' Thomas Jones 1665-6 £110 0s. 0d.
Bremhill Grove Grounds ditto 1666-8 £110 0s. 0d. p.a.
'' ditto 1668-73 £100 0s. 0d. p.a.
'' Philip Reecks 1673-5 £80 0s. 0d. p.a.
'' William Newman junior 1675-8 £80 0s. 0d. p.a.

[No entry for 1678-9]
Moiety of the Living at Foxham called Gales William Hayward 1659-62 £42 10s. 0d. p.a.
ditto Roger Frith 1662-4 £42 10s. 0d. p.a.
'' Anthony Sclatter 1664-6 £42 10s. 0d. p.a.
[No later entry]
The Bullrushes John Lawrence 1659-72 £2 0s. 0d. p.a.
ditto Nicholas Baker 1672-9 £3 0s. 0d. p.a.
The Hopyard Thomas Wilshiere ditto 1659-60 £16 0s. 0d.
'' 1664-5 £57 0s. 0d.
'' Thomas Wilshiere ditto 1660-4 £85 0s. 0d. p.a. 27
The Hopyard, the House, Lower Barken Hill, and Broadlinch
The Hopyard, and Lower Barken Hill ditto 1665-6 £53 0s. 0d.
The Hopyard and the House Robert Jenkins 1666-70 £14 0s. 0d. p.a.
[No entry for 1670-3]
The Hopyard Robert Norman 1673-6 £14 0s. 0d. p.a.
[No later entry]
Weeke Marsh Mrs. Stratton 1659-66 £10 0s. 0d. p.a.
ditto Rebecca Stratton of Seagry 1666-78 £10 0s. 0d. p.a.
[No entry for 1678-9]
Cutlane Close Mrs. Stratton Ann Stratton, 1659-66 7s. 0d. p.a.
ditto Mrs. Stratton's daughter-in-law 1666-79 7s. 0d. p.a.
Hazeland Mill Mr. Sheppard [tenant not named] 1659-61 £20 0s. 0d. p.a.
ditto 1661-6 £20 0s. 0d. p.a.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Year(s)</th>
<th>Amount(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hazeland Mills</td>
<td>[tenant not named]</td>
<td>1666-70</td>
<td>£20 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazeland Grist Mill</td>
<td>Gabriel Brabbins</td>
<td>1670-1</td>
<td>£18 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Robert Brookes</td>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£22 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazeland Mills etc.</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>1672-4</td>
<td>£42 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£47 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>1675-8</td>
<td>£50 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>John Hale</td>
<td>8 Nov. 1678-</td>
<td>£40 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stacks at Hazeland Mill</td>
<td>John Prater</td>
<td>1670-2</td>
<td>£12 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Tithe</td>
<td>Robert Davys</td>
<td>1659-63</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Baall</td>
<td>1663-6</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>Geoffrey Primell</td>
<td>1666-7</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Tithe of Broadhedge,</td>
<td>Geoffrey Primell</td>
<td>1667-8</td>
<td>[No figure given]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leekeshedge, Marlefield,</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1668-71</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Le Brech, and Honybeate</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto, grounds now in the possession of Edward Scott of Leekeshedge, John Scott, Fridsw</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1670-2</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1672-4</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1675-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1676-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Wilcoxe</td>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1676-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Primell</td>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1672-4</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1675-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1676-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Henry Primell</td>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Ball</td>
<td>1672-4</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tithe etc. of grounds</td>
<td>Geoffrey Simpkins</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in the possession of John Scott,</td>
<td>William Primell</td>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edward Scott of Leekeshedge,</td>
<td>1672-4</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rebecca Stratton, Thomas Seager</td>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alias Parsons, Thomas East</td>
<td>1675-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in the right of his wife Fridswith,</td>
<td>1676-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and Geoffrey Simpkins</td>
<td>William Wilcoxe</td>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1676-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Henry Primell</td>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>William Ball</td>
<td>1672-4</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tithe etc. of grounds</td>
<td>Geoffrey Simpkins</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in the possession of John Scott,</td>
<td>William Wilcoxe</td>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Margaret Jeffery, Edward Scott of</td>
<td>1676-8</td>
<td>£6 6s. 8d.  p.a.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leekeshedge, Rebecca Stratton,</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thomas Seager alias Parsons,</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thomas East in the right of his</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wife Fridswith, and Geoffrey</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simpkins</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Tenant</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>Rental Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tithe etc. of grounds in the possession of John Scott, Margaret Jeffery,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edward Scott of Leekeshedge, Rebecca Stratton or rather myself, Thomas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seager alias Parsons, Edward East in the right of Fridswich his wife, and</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geoffrey Simpkins</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Living at Weeke, lately Widow Norborne's</td>
<td>Michael Trimnell</td>
<td>1661-2</td>
<td>£35 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waterham and the Pleck, late Mrs. Lucy Peters's ditto</td>
<td>Dr. John Townsend</td>
<td>1669-75</td>
<td>16s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Gabriel Church</td>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£1 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Dr. John Townsend</td>
<td>1676-7</td>
<td>£1 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td></td>
<td>1677-9</td>
<td>18s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bremhill Fields, late part of Widow Shepperd's</td>
<td>Anthony Starre</td>
<td>1670-3</td>
<td>£11 10s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for 1673-6]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bremhill Fields, which Anthony Starre lately rented</td>
<td>Gabriel Church</td>
<td>1676-9</td>
<td>£10 10s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hamonds, except the House, within Foxham Fields [tenant not named]</td>
<td></td>
<td>1672-3</td>
<td>£28 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Little Ground belonging to Olliffs</td>
<td>William Gough</td>
<td>1673-4</td>
<td>£1 6s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butter Plott, belonging lately to Olliffs</td>
<td></td>
<td>1674-9</td>
<td>£1 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Cottage with its appurtenances in Foxham</td>
<td>Widow Holloway</td>
<td>1674-9</td>
<td>16s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Cottage between Bencroft and Hanging Breach</td>
<td>John Smith</td>
<td>1674-9</td>
<td>£11 10s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual totals of rents</td>
<td></td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£280 13s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£349 13s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1661-2</td>
<td>£384 13s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1662-3</td>
<td>£349 13s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1663-4</td>
<td>£386 3s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1664-5</td>
<td>£344 3s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1665-6</td>
<td>£350 3s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1666-7</td>
<td>£268 13s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1667-8</td>
<td>£262 7s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year</td>
<td>Rent</td>
<td>Tenant</td>
<td>Property</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1668-9</td>
<td>£258 13s. 8d.</td>
<td>Thomas Hedges</td>
<td>The Farm, the Parsonage, and chief rents, mead silver, and other customs, except old rents from Spackman's and Wilks's tenements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1669-70</td>
<td>£259 9s. 8d.</td>
<td>Thomas Hedges</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-1</td>
<td>£266 19s. 8d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£272 19s. 8d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1672-3</td>
<td>£307 19s. 8d.</td>
<td>Edward Hill</td>
<td>Spackman's Tenement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1673-4</td>
<td>£255 6s. 4d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£250 2s. 4d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£253 6s. 4d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1676-7</td>
<td>£249 16s. 4d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1677-8</td>
<td>£249 14s. 4d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£162 14s. 4d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1659-62</td>
<td>£200 0s. 0d.</td>
<td>Edmund Webb</td>
<td>Payment by Bayntun to the King on 29 Sept. according to a deed of sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1662-70</td>
<td>£197 16s. 8d.</td>
<td>Stephen Foze</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-1</td>
<td>£144 16s. 8d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1671-8</td>
<td>£145 3s. 9¼d. p.a.</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£162 14s. 4d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Annual totals of rents**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rent</th>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1659-62</td>
<td>£200 0s. 0d.</td>
<td>Edmund Webb</td>
<td>Payment by Bayntun to the King on 29 Sept. according to a deed of sale</td>
<td>1659-62</td>
<td>£200 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1662-70</td>
<td>£197 16s. 8d.</td>
<td>Stephen Foze</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1671-8</td>
<td>£145 3s. 9¼d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-1</td>
<td>£144 16s. 8d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£159 19s. 9¼d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1671-8</td>
<td>£145 3s. 9¼d. p.a.</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£159 19s. 9¼d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£162 14s. 4d.</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£162 14s. 4d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Old Rents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Newleases, Goosey Meadow, Rogers Croft, Milsoms Hold, Haywards, and the New Ridings</td>
<td>Lady Bayntun</td>
<td>1659-64</td>
<td>£38 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Robert Bayntun and Nicholas Bayntun</td>
<td>1664-79</td>
<td>£38 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loxhill Farm</td>
<td>Lady Bayntun</td>
<td>1659-64</td>
<td>£13 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Nicholas Bayntun</td>
<td>1664-79</td>
<td>£13 6s. 8d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Road Quarter</td>
<td>Henry Bayntun</td>
<td>1659-73</td>
<td>£4 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Edward Bayntun</td>
<td>1673-9</td>
<td>£4 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jenkins Mead</td>
<td>Henry Bayntun</td>
<td>1659-73</td>
<td>15s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>Edward Bayntun</td>
<td>1673-9</td>
<td>15s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Great Pew</td>
<td>Henry Bayntun</td>
<td>1659-61</td>
<td>18s. 2d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual totals of rents</td>
<td></td>
<td>1659-61</td>
<td>£57 6s. 6d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1661-79</td>
<td>£56 8s. 4d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Demesnes in Hand

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Annual value or last annual rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Moore at Bremhill</td>
<td>1659-79</td>
<td>£45 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Barken Hill, Middle Barken Hill, Broadlinch, and the two Earhton Meads</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£100 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Barken Hill, Middle Barken Hill, and the two Earhton Meads</td>
<td>1660-79</td>
<td>£72 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Barken Hill</td>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£30 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No entry for 1660-6]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Barken Hill, now unploughed</td>
<td>1666-79</td>
<td>£37 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Abbey Grist Mill</td>
<td>1659-62</td>
<td>£18 0s. 0s. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ditto with the stocks there</td>
<td>1662-3</td>
<td>£30 0s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Abbey Grist Mill</td>
<td>1663-5</td>
<td>£18 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Picts and Peverills</td>
<td>1660-2</td>
<td>£14 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newlease in Chittoe</td>
<td>1661-9</td>
<td>£5 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[No later entry]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broadlinch</td>
<td>1664-79</td>
<td>£28 0s. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Botnage Mead and Grove
[No entry for 1668-71]
Botnage Mead and Grove
1666-8  £28 0s. 0d. p.a.
Botnage Mead and Grove
1671-9  £28 0s. 0d. p.a.36
Living at Foxham called Gales
[No later entry]
Redbreach
1667-8  £50 0s. 0d.
[No entry for 1668-9]
Redbreach
1669-70  £50 0s. 0d.
[No entry for 1670-1]
Redbreach
1671-9  £40 0s. 0d. p.a.37
The two Woodleases and Milbees
[No later entry]
1670-1  £18 0s. 0d.
Dunly Mead and the West Closes
[No later entry]
1670-3  £55 0s. 0d. p.a.
The Hopyard and House
[No entry for 1673-6]
The Hopyard
1676-7  £14 0s. 0d.
The Hopgarden and Yard
[No later entry]
1677-8  £14 0s. 0d.
Chapel Mead, late Peter Gales's
ditto
1670-2  [No figure given]
[No later entry]
1672-5  £3 5s. 0d. p.a.
Withies, late Peter Gales's, held by
lease paying 13s. p.a. old rent
ditto
ditto with tithe for the lives of Peter and
William Gale, formerly William Gale's
1670-2  [No figure given]
1672-6  £9 0s. 0d. p.a.
1676-9  £9 0s. 0d. p.a.
Scotts and Hammonds Livings with the new
inclosures in Foxham Fields and Little
Parock adjoining39
Julian Oliff's and Scotts Livings with the
new inclosures in Foxham Fields and
Little Parock
1672-5  [No figure given]
1675-9  [No figure given]
The new inclosures in Foxham Fields and
Little Parock adjoining
1672-3  £14 0s. 0d.40
Pycroft and Holtrough
[No later entry]
1673-4  £92 0s. 0d.
William Howard's Bargain41
[No later entry]
Bremhill Fields, which Anthony Starre
lately rented
[No later entry]
1674-6  £11 10s. 0d. p.a.
52

**THE COMMONPLACE BOOK**

The two Bailys Copyholds in Chittoe, the Park, and Park Mead

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1677-9</td>
<td>[No figure given]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bremhill Grove Grounds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£100 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Mills etc. 42

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>[No figure given]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Weeke Marsh

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£20 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Annual totals of values**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£193 Os. 0d. 43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£149 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1661-2</td>
<td>£154 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1662-3</td>
<td>£152 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1663-4</td>
<td>£140 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1664-5</td>
<td>£168 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1665-6</td>
<td>£150 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1666-7</td>
<td>£305 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1667-8</td>
<td>£265 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1668-9</td>
<td>£187 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1669-70</td>
<td>£237 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-1</td>
<td>£228 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£319 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1672-3</td>
<td>£345 5s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1673-4</td>
<td>£355 5s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£273 15s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£270 10s. 0d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1676-8</td>
<td>£273 Os. 0d. p.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£379 Os. 0d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Overall totals of rents and values**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1659-60</td>
<td>£1865 15s. 2d. 44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1660-1</td>
<td>£1815 1s. 10d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1661-2</td>
<td>£1883 8s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1662-3</td>
<td>£2068 16s. 9¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1663-4</td>
<td>£2047 15s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1664-5</td>
<td>£2091 14s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1665-6</td>
<td>£2094 14s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1666-7</td>
<td>£2128 4s. 6d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1667-8</td>
<td>£1835 8s. 8d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1668-9</td>
<td>£1748 15s. 4d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1669-70</td>
<td>£1768 11s. 4d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-1</td>
<td>£1630 1s. 4d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1671-2</td>
<td>£1711 8s. 5¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1672-3</td>
<td>£1735 3s. 5¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1673-4</td>
<td>£1674 0s. 1¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1674-5</td>
<td>£1694 6s. 1¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1675-6</td>
<td>£1709 15s. 1¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1676-7</td>
<td>£1702 5s. 1¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1677-8</td>
<td>£1624 9s. 1¼d.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1678-9</td>
<td>£1670 9s. 1¼d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The rentals are on pp. 16-19, 22-5, 30-61, second pagination.
In margin: £1 10s. for the Mill-issue.
In margins for 1663–72: the Mill-issue let for £1 10s. more.
In margin: £10 abated by me.
In margins for 1660–7: £10 abated.
In margins for 1660–4: £8 abated.
In margins for 1664–8: 1 year’s ploughing, 2nd year’s ploughing etc.
In margin: £3 abated this year.
In margins for 1660–3: £1 abated for 1st year, £1 abated for 2nd year.
In margins for 1663–9: 4 bushels of oats at Christmas.
In margin: £3 abated this year.
In margins for 1660–3: £1 abated for 1st year, £1 abated for 2nd year.
In margins for 1663–9: 4 bushels of oats at Christmas.
In margins: according to his own valuation.
£10 of the £16 was paid for hay. In margin: according to his own valuation. Much spoiled by Avon’s summer floods.
In margins for 1662–9, 1670–2: according to his own valuation.
£15 of the £21 was paid for hay.
In margin: £2 abated 1st year.
In margin: £1 abated 1st year.
In margin: my own corn toll free.
In margin for 1666–7: my own corn toll free. In margins for 1666–8: £2 abated.
In margin: £2 abated.
Totals, for 1659–66 only, are given in margins. Figures for later years have been supplied by the editor.
In margin: £60 abated.
In margin for 1665–6: £20 p.a. less than John Scott.
Bayntun’s agreement to pay £3 p.a. to the rector of Bromham as compition for tithes from Foremead, part of Broadmead, and sheep slate on Bagdon Hill, is noted for each year.
In margin: 5s. abated 1st year.
Totals, for 1659–66 only, are given in the margins. Figures for later years have been supplied by the editor.
In margins for 1660–2: whereof for Broadlinch £28 p.a.
In margin for 1670: worth £1.
In brackets following: he paying the tithe.
Totals, for 1659–66 only, are given in margins. Figures for later years have been supplied by the editor.
Totals, for 1659–66 only, are given in margins. Figures for later years have been supplied by the editor.
Described as: my nephew.
Described as: my nephew.
Totals, for 1659–66 only, are given in margins. Figures for later years have been supplied by the editor.
Note: worth £41 when ploughed.
Note: the value before improvement.
Note: when ploughed let for £50.
Note in 1672–3: usually let for £16 and let last to Robert Jenkins for £14.
Note: lately taken in exchange with Widow Riley for land in Dolemead.
Note: heretofore let for £15.
Note: reputed a good bargain.
Note: at Hazeland in hand till November 8th.
Totals, for 1659–66 only, are given in margins. Figures for later years have been supplied by the editor.
Totals, for 1659–66 only, are given in margins. Figures for later years have been supplied by the editor.
Rents
To the king at Michaelmas [29 Sept.] from Stanly manor £10 1s. 0d.
Similarly from Bremhill manor £9 2s. 4d.
Similarly from Bromham and Clench £3 12s. 0d.
For Rodborne manor and rectory £1 1s. 8½d.1
For Rodborne church 6s. 8d.
To the undersheriff at Michaelmas for assart rent charged on
Buddy and ten cottages in Stanly £1 3s. 0d.
To Lady Beauchamp by equal portions at Michaelmas and
Lady Day [25 Mar.] for the ground near Chippenham mills 2s. 6d.
To Mr. Montague at Michaelmas

Compositions
To the rector of Bromham by equal portions at Michaelmas
and Lady Day for the tithe of Foremead, part of
Broadmead, and the sheepslate on Bagdon Hill £5 0s. 0d.
To the same for Spy-parke and Chittoe £1 0s. 0d.
To the same for the demesnes belonging to Bromham House 13s. 4d.
To the vicar of Bishops Cannings by equal portions at
Michaelmas and Lady Day for Chittoe £2 6s. 8d.
To the rector of Chippenham at Lady Day for the mill,
13s. 4d., and for the ground near the mill, 6s. 8d. £1 0s. 0d.
To Mrs. Collier by equal portions at Michaelmas and Lady
Day for the house and ground between Closewoods £4 0s. 0d.

Annuities
To my kinsman Mr. John Anstie’s widow by equal portions
at Michaelmas and Lady Day out of Bremhill Grove £20 0s. 0d.
To my brother by equal portions quarterly out of Bromham
manor under my father’s will £200 0s. 0d.
To my sister ad placitum £100 0s. 0d.
To my almshouses by equal portions quarterly £20 0s. 0d.
To George Union by equal portions quarterly for life £20 0s. 0d.

1 In the margin: 10s. too much paid at Michaelmas 1660 comparing the new with the
old acquittance.

Houghton Magna and Hawny

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>Acres</th>
<th>Half roods</th>
<th>Perches</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kingcroft, including</td>
<td>Mr. Ward</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plot</td>
<td>Tenant</td>
<td>Acres</td>
<td>Rents</td>
<td>Notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4a. fenced and growing corn this year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woollworth</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cookes Close</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clackswells</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common meadow</td>
<td>Richard Gleed</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Eyles's mead</td>
<td>John Eyles and William Walker</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Cooke's mead</td>
<td>Mr. Cooke</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Cooke's Golden Plot</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Milking Close</td>
<td>Thomas Battison</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Ground</td>
<td>Widow Hatt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>John Eyles and William Walker</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawny</td>
<td>Giles Willis</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Ley in Houghton</td>
<td>Mr. Wood, the minister</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>323</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>15 [sic]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pichley

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plot</th>
<th>Tenant</th>
<th>Acres</th>
<th>Rents</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neather cow pasture</td>
<td>Mrs. Wind</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper cow pasture</td>
<td>ditto</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plot of ground where the house stands</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The corn field</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stanbury Hill</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Close</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New corn field</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carre Mead</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mead</td>
<td>''</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>332</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>12²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total of Houghton, Hawny, and Pichley</td>
<td></td>
<td>655</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7[sic]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rents paid by the tenants are recorded in a paper book by Mr. John Ely

Also in Pichley is a ground called the Osier Bed, 1 a. 3 hr. 10 p.

1 In the margin: 330 acres.
2 In the margin: 334 acres 2 roods 22 perches.


Sirs,

When I wrote my last letter in answer to your commands, I was at Malton
and could not pass for waters. At my coming home I have briefly examined my book and have sent a short account. At my coming up, if it be your pleasure, the next term, I shall present you with account at large of every particular sum, how paid, to whom, and for what. I assure you, gentlemen, I have had a troublesome summer and much neglected my own occasions for attending yours, and have been above £100 of my own moneys before I received any of yours. Sirs, I shall discharge the trust you have been pleased to repose in me most faithfully, as becomes your faithful and humble servant, S. Marshall.

Against the next term I shall endeavour to get up the arrears. Your servant, S. Marshall.


To be accounted for
Arrears, Michaelmas 1660 to Lady Day [25 Mar.] 1662 £100 19s. 3d.
Remaining in hand and unaccounted for £24 0s. 0d.
Half year’s rent at Michaelmas £346 17s. 10d.
Total £471 17s. 1d.

Disbursements, receipts, and arrears to balance above account
For building mills and house, free rents, and Marshall’s and
Mr. Morice’s fees £165 0s. 0d.
Returned up [sic] £200 0s. 0d.
Two years’ arrears, unpaid £52 0s. 0d.
Arrears at Michaelmas 1663, mainly from Ebberston £48 0s. 0d.
Total £465 0s. 0d.

The house was made an end of last Friday, and there are some things to pay for.

£8 will be due to Sir Edward Bayntun and others for Roxby House and wood.

Note by Bayntun that £114 17s. 1½d. is due in total; due to him, as a fifth part of one half year’s rental from lands in Yorkshire, is £67 19s. 3d.

106 [p. 29, second pagination] Michaelmas [29 Sept.] 1663. Mr. Cooke’s account for half year’s rent from lands in Northants., received by Sir Edward Bayntun with a letter of 5 Dec. 1663 from his cousin John Osborne

Rents due from Houghton £161 9s. 2d.
Rents due from Pichley £85 0s. 0d.
Total £246 9s. 2d.

Disbursements, Lady Day [25 Mar.] to Michaelmas 1663
Tax, 22 June £3 5s. 4d.
Tax, 29 Sept.  5s.  4d.
Charges for trooping, 13 Oct.  16s.  6d.
William Wood, for tithes, 30 Oct.  £13 0s.  0d.
Spent by the tenants paying their rents  6d.
Charges for sending to Pichley  8d.
Total  £17 8s.  4d.

One fifth of total, due to Bayntun  £45 16s.  2d.
INDEX OF PERSONS AND PLACES

Except where stated, references are to entry numbers, not to pages. The following abbreviations are used for forenames:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alex</th>
<th>Alexander</th>
<th>Jn</th>
<th>John</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>And</td>
<td>Andrew</td>
<td>Jon</td>
<td>Jonathan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ant</td>
<td>Anthony</td>
<td>Marg</td>
<td>Margaret</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ben</td>
<td>Benjamin</td>
<td>Mat</td>
<td>Matthew</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bened</td>
<td>Benedict</td>
<td>Mic</td>
<td>Michael</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cath</td>
<td>Catherine</td>
<td>Nat</td>
<td>Nathaniel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chas</td>
<td>Charles</td>
<td>Nic</td>
<td>Nicholas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dan</td>
<td>Daniel</td>
<td>Pet</td>
<td>Peter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edm</td>
<td>Edmund</td>
<td>Phil</td>
<td>Philip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edw</td>
<td>Edward</td>
<td>Ric</td>
<td>Richard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eliz</td>
<td>Elizabeth</td>
<td>Rob</td>
<td>Robert</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fras</td>
<td>Francis</td>
<td>Rog</td>
<td>Roger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gab</td>
<td>Gabriel</td>
<td>Sam</td>
<td>Samuel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geo</td>
<td>George</td>
<td>Steph</td>
<td>Stephen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geoff</td>
<td>Geoffrey</td>
<td>Thos</td>
<td>Thomas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hen</td>
<td>Henry</td>
<td>Tim</td>
<td>Timothy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humph</td>
<td>Humphrey</td>
<td>Wal</td>
<td>Walter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jas</td>
<td>James</td>
<td>Wm</td>
<td>William</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aland, Hen, 62, 101
Ric, 63
Wm, 63, 101
—, widow, 63
Aldbourne (Alborne), 90
Alderbury hundred, 27
Alford, Jn, 61
Amesbury hundred, 27
Amor, Wm, 101
Anstie, Jn, widow of, 102
Archer, Sir Jn, justice of Common Pleas, 24, 45
Arnault, Pet, 18
Ash, Jas, 33
Sam, 94
Avebury, 90; and see Beckhampton; Kennett, West
Avon, river, 60, 101 n
Ayliiffe, Geo, 29

Baall see Ball
Bailiffe (Bayliffe), Edw, 60
Nat, 63
Baily (Bayly), Ann, 39
Jn, 101
Joan, 39
Ralph, 24
Ric, 39

Thos, 24
Thos (another), 24
Wm, 39
Baker, Nic, 101
Rob, 63
Ball (Baall), Wm, 101
Barnard, Wm, 101
Wm (another, ? s. of Wm), 101
Bartlett, Jas, 71; and see Bowyer
Baskervill, Thos, 94
Battison, Thos, 103
Bawne, Thos, 63
Bayliffe, see Bailiffe
Bayly, see Baily
Baytun, Ann, dau. of Sir Edw (d. 1679), p. xii
Lady Ann, m. Hen (d. 1691), see Wilmot, Lady Ann
Ann, dau. of Hen (d. 1691), m. Jas Somerville, Baron Somerville, 2 and n
Sir Edw (d. 1657), pp. xi-xii, xv-xvi, xx-xxi, 3, 18, 22
Sir Edw (d. 1679), pp. xi-xii, xxi, 18-19, 22-4, 37, 46, 48, 53, 55-6, 59, 63-4, 68, 71, 76-8, 104
colonel of militia, p. xviii; 90-1
commissioner for royal aid and supply, 29, 33, 79-80, 82-3
compiles Commonplace Book, pp. xiii-xxi
early life, p. xii
estates, pp. xi, xiv, xv-xvii; 3, 9-10, 22, 31, 39, 42-3, 50-2, 74 and n, 75, 96-8, 100-4, 106
J.P., p. xviii; 12, 56-7, 60, 72-3, 85
knighthood, p. xvi; 21
marriage, pp. xii, xv
manor, pp. xiv, xvi; 7, 31, 52, 92, 100-1
church, 100
Nash House, 58
tithes, 101
vicar, see Townson
and see Foxham; Hazelrand; Spiroill; Stanley
Brewer, Thos, 62
Bromham, p. xi; 18, 102
Bromham Bayntun manor, p. xvi; 43, 101
bailiff, 43
court, p. xvi; 43
steward, 43
Bromham House, p. xi; 102
churchwardens, 1-2
college of the poor, pp. xv, xxi; 1-2, 102
farm, 101
hopyard, 101
lands in, 101 n, 102
manor, pp. xvi-xvii; 7, 18, 31, 43, 92, 100-2
bailiff, 43
court, p. xvi; 43
steward, 43
park, 101
rector, 1; and see Franklyn, Ric; Richards, Rob, Tim; Selfe, Thos; Wyatt
rectory, pp. xiv, xvii; 13-17
village, p. xi
Bromham and Rowde liberty, 27
Brookes, Rob, 101
Brouncker, Wm, 82
Browne, Bened, 5
Brunel, Dr., p. xvi; 89
Bryant, Jn, 51
Buckingham, duke of, see Villiers
Bull, Jn, 63
s. of, 63
Bupton, in Clyffe Pypard, 39
Burgess, Isaac, sheriff of Wilts., 6, 8
Burton, see Bourton
Bushnell, Wm, 69
Cadworth, see Cawdon and Cadworth hundred
Calley, Sir Wm, 33
Calne:
borough, 5-6
burgesses, 5-6, 8
churchwardens, 37
constables, 65-7, 80, 83, 93-4
M.P.s, 5-6
overseers of poor, p. xviii; 71-2
and see Studley
INDEX OF PERSONS AND PLACES 61

Canaway, Steph, 101
Cannings, see Potterne and Cannings hundred
Cannings, Bishops, 39
hundred, 39
manor, 39
vicar, 102
and see Bedborough; Bourton; Coate; Easton; Horton
Carye, Lady Eliz, 22
Castle Combe, 51
Catcomb, in Hilmarton, 75, 90
Cawdon (Cadowne) and Cadworth hundred, 27
Cawsey, Oliver, 79
Chalfield (Chaldfield), 56
Chalke hundred, 27
Chaloner, Rob, 9, 33
chamberlain, lord, see Montagu, Edw
chancellor, lord, see Hyde
Chapman, Wm, 69, 79
Charles II, pp. xii, xvii, xix; 21, 36, 47-8, 56-7, 102
Charles, Mat, 58
Charterhouse, see London
Chaworth, Ric, 39
Choke, Lady Essex, p. xxi
s. of, p. xxi
Chicksands (Beds.), 42
Chippenham, pp. xiv, xvii; 22, 29, 60, 61 n, 63
bailiff, 60
borough, 63
bridges, 60, 63
burgesses, 60
Causeway, 60-2
division of county, 25, 27, 33, 79, 82
hundred, 26-7, 29
constables, p. xviii; 29, 65-7, 80, 83, 93-4
lands in, 60-2
M.P.s, p. 00; 60
mills, 102
rector, 102
rectory, 63
surveyors of highways, 63, 70
and see Rowden
Chittoe (Chitway), 7, 34, 39, 74, 102
lands in, 101
manor, p. xvi; 7, 31, 92
tithing, 7
and see Chittoe Heath; Spye Park
Chittoe Heath, in Chittoe, 7, 39
Chiver, Posy, 39
Church, Gab, 101
Clarendon, earl of, see Hyde
Clarke (Clerke), Hen, 33
Jn, p. xvii; 19, 50
Mat, 77-8
Clatford Park (Clatford), in Preshute, 64, 90
Cleeve, see Clyffe Pypard
Clench, in Milton Lilborne, 102
manor, p. xvi; 7, 31, 92
Clerke, see Clarke
Clyife Pypard (Cleeve), 39; and see Bupton
Co., Sir Hen, 45
Coate (Cote), in Bishops Cannings, 39
Coleman, Wal, 23
Coles, Jn, 101
Collier, Mrs., 63, 102
Coly, Edw, 63
Collett, Eliz, 39
Colt, Jn Dutton, 42
Comby, Geo, 63
Compton Bassett, 52
Cooke, —, 101
(another), 103, 106
Corfe Castle (Dors.), rector of, see Gibbs, Nic
Corsham, 55, 57
the George, 55
manor court, 68-9
steward, 69
and see Neston; Woodlands
Corton, in Boyton, 45
Cote, see Coate
Crampe, Jas, 3
Cricklade, see Highworth and Cricklade hundred
Cromwell, Oliver, lord protector 1653-8,
p. xiv; 16 and n
Ric, lord protector 1658-9, p. xvii
Crooke, Edw, 62
Croomes, Wm, keeper of Harnham hospital,
64
Crump (Crumpe), Fridsigh, 101
Jas, 50
Cunnington, Wm, pp. xiii-xiv, xix, xx-xxi
fam., p. xiii
Dacres, Edw, translator of Niccolò Machiavelli, Discourses, p. xx; 87
Dagger, Jn, 101
Damerham, North, hundred, 26-7
constables, 65-7, 80, 83, 93-4
Damerham, South, hundred, 27
Danby, earl of, see Danvers, Hen; Osborne, Thos
countess of, see Osborne, Bridget
Daniells, Geoff, 24, 33, 79, 82
Danvers, Chas, 42
Lady Ann, m. — Porter, p. xv; 22
Lady Cath, m. — Gargrave, p. xv; 22
Lady Dorothy, m. — Osborne, p. xv; 22
Lady Elinor, m. — Walmersley, p. xv; 22
Hen, earl of Danby, p. xv; 22
Jn, 79
Lady Lucy, m. Sir Hen Bayntun (d. 1616), p. xv; 22
Darke, Ric, 63
Dauntsey, Sir Jn, 25
Davission, Jas, 77
Davys, Rob, 101
Dennett, Thos, deputy clerk of the peace for Wilts., 38
Derham (Derham) Abbey, in West Derham (Norf.), 42
Derham, Eliz, 42
Ric, 42
Deizes (the Devizes), p. xiii; 26, 28, 33, 65, 71, 77, 79, 82, 95
bourowth, p. xiii; 26–7, 94
churchwardens, 65, 67
division of county, 25, 27, 33, 56, 79, 82
the George, 28
J.P.s, 56 n
mayor, see Hiller
M.P.s, pp. xii–xiii
prison, 64, 66, 93
keeper of, 66; and see Lovell, Wm; Powell, Wm
Disham, Sir Thos, 104
Ditcheat (Som.), 19
Dole, see Branch and Dole hundred
Downton hundred, 27
Draughton, Edm, 64
Duckett, Wm, 29, 72, 79–80, 95
Dunkenhalgh (Dunkinhall), in Whalley (Lancs.), 42
Dunworth hundred, 27
Duppa, Brian, bishop of Salisbury, 39
Dyer, Rob, 72–3
East, Thos, 101
Easton, in Bishops Cannings, 39
Edolls, Edw, 63
Edwards, Wm, 60, 63, 101
Elizabeth I, 25
Ellen, Jn, p. 00
Elliott (Elyott), Sam, 63; and see Hill
Elly, see Ely
Elms, Jn, 39
Elstub and Everleigh (Everly) hundred, 27
Ely (Ely), Jn, n. xvii; 22, 61, 103
Ernle, Edw, 79
Sir Jn, 25
Jn (? another), 28
Mic, 79
Wal, 9–10, 79, 91
Sir Wal (? another), 64, 82
Estcourt, Jn, 29
Everleigh, see Elstub and Everleigh hundred
Eyles, Jn, 103
Eyres (Eyres), Giles, 33
Jn, 55–6
Sir Wm, 25
Wm (? another), 68–9, 82–3, 95
—, 72–3
Fates or Hughes, Mic, 101
Filldowne (Filldowne), Wm, 63
Fisherton Anger prison, 26, 64
keeper of, 66; and see Thorpe
Fleetwood, Jn, 61
Ford, Humph, 70
Foster, Sir Rob, chief justice of King’s Bench, 23
—, 63
servant of, 63
Fowls, Wm, 101
Foxham, in Bremhill, 101
France, p. xx
Francombe, Ben, 39
Franklyn, Hen, 67
Ric, rector of Bromham, p. xvii; 16–17
Frearne (Freerne), Dan, 51
Jn, 77–8
Freke, Ralph, 28
Frith, Rog, 101
Frowde, Thos, 50
Froxfield, see Rudge
Frustfield hundred, 27
Gaby, Wal, 2
Gale (Gales), Edw, 101
Mary, 101
Pet, 101
Ric, 63
Ric (? another), 101
relict of, 101
Rob, 101
Wm, 60, 70, 101
Gargrave, Lady Cath, see Danvers, Lady Cath
Gent, Jn, 61
Gibbs (Gibbes), Nic, rector of Corfe Castle, 76
Tristram, 63
servant of, 63
Glanvill, Wm, 24
Gleed, Ric, 103
Gloucester (Glocester), 51
Glover, Chas, 63
Goatacre, in Hilmarton, 51
INDEX OF PERSONS AND PLACES 63

Goddard, Edw, 28, 91
Jn, 64–6
Godwyn, Hugh, 63
Jn, 63
Jon, 63
Nat, 63
Thos, 63
Wm, 63
Goldney (Gouldney), Adam, 101
Gab, 5, 60, 63
Hen, 60
Goopy, see Gupppey
Gough (Goffe), Wm (d. 1662), 101
relict of, 101
Wm (fl. 1672), 62
Gray, Wm, 42
Greene, Ric, 33
Greeneway, Fras, 75
Nic, keeper of Marlborough prison, 93
Gringell, Isaac, 63
Guppy (Goopy), Ric, 64, 66

Hale, Jn, 101
Sir Mat, chief baron of Exchequer, 24
Hancock, Thos, 63
Hand, Wm, 62
Harding, Jn, 101
Harnham hospital, in Salisbury, 64, 66
keeper of, see Croomes
Harris, Jn, 62
Rob, 62
Heytesbury, see Heytesbury
Hatt, —, widow, 103
Hawkins, Thos, 63
Hawny (unident., Northants.), lands in, 103
Hayward, Hen, 75
Rog, 101
Wm, 101
Hazelbury, in Box, 101
Hedworth, Cricklade, and Staple, Rob, 101
Hedges, Thos, 101
Thos (another, ? s. of Thos), 101
Hellier, Thos, 63
Henley, Sir And, Bt., 39
Rob, 39, 74 n
Herbert, Phil, earl of Pembroke and Montgomery, 90
Hereford, 42
Heytesbury (Heytesbury) hundred, 27
Hicks, Hen, 2
Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple, 26–7
constables, 65–7, 93–4
Hill, Edw, 101
Hill or Ellyott, Ben, 101
Hiller, Ric, mayor of Devizes, 82
Hinton, Broad, 90
Hipplesley, Rob, 28
Hiscock, Jas, 92, 101
Rosamund, 101
Hoare, Sir Ric Colt, History of Wiltshire, p. xxi
Hobbs, Ben, 39
Thos, 39
Holbrow, Jn, 63
Holloway, Edw, 72–3
—, widow, 101
Hood, Mic, 71
Ric, 63
Hooper, see Prater
Hope, Edw, 77–8
Horningsham, see Longleat House
Horsington, Sam, 5, 18
Horton, Jn, 42, 50, 97
Horton, in Bishops Cannings, 39
Houghton, Great, (Northants.), lands in, 103, 106
rector or curate, see Wood
Howard, Edw, 33
Wm, 101
Hughes, Jn, 77; and see Fates
Hulbert, Wm, 63
Hulett, Jn, 94
Hungerford, Sir Ant, 25
Sir Edw (d. 1648), p. xi
Sir Edw (fl. 1670), 55, 57
s. of, 55
Edw (? another, fl. 1673), 79
Sir Geo, Bt., 29, 33, 62
Giles, 55, 57, 79
Hen, 33, 79
Rob, 62
Hunt, Phil, 34
mother of, 34
Thos, 33
Hyde, Edw, earl of Clarendon, lord chancellor, p. xix; 36
Indies, West, p. xx
Ireland, pp. xiv, xx; 25
Jackson, Canon J. E., p. xxi
James, duke of York, later James I, p. xix; 86
consort of, see Mary of Modena
Jeffery (Jefferye, Jeffries), Edw, 101
Marg, 101
Rob, 101
Thos, 63
—, 3
Jenkins, Rob, 3, 7, 31, 50, 62, 101 and n
Jennings, And, 39
  Jn, 39
Johnson, Geo, p. xvii; 41, 43-4, 57, 60, 72-3, 76, 97
  Wm, 18
Jones, Eliz, 58
  Jn, 63
  Thos, 101
Joye, Sir Geo, 19, 25
  Geo, grands. of Sir Geo, p. xvii; 19, 72
  mother of, 19
Kennett, East, 90
Kennett, West, in Avebury, 90
Kent, Jn, 9-10, 33
Killing, Hen, 101
Kinfield, Wm, 63, 101
King, Alex, 67
  Rob, 62
  Theophilus, 101
King's Bench prison, see London
Kingsbridge hundred, 26-7
  constables, 65-7, 93-4
Kinwardstone (Kinworthstone) hundred, 26-7
  constables, 65-7, 93-4
Kynton, Ric, 63

Lacock, 34, 97
  bridge, 66
  the Red Lion, 80, 83
Lambert, Thos, 45
Lanfer, Eliz, 39
  Thos, 63
Langton, David, 101
Lavington, Jn, 15
Lawrence, Jn, 101
Ledall, —, 63
Leigh, Fras, 39
  Sarah, 39
Leland, Jn, p. xi
Levett, Wm, 12, 28, 33
Lewes, Geo, 3, 62
  s. of, 62
  Jn, 62
  Ric, 57
Ley, Jas, earl of Marlborough, 19
Light, —, widow, 63
Lincoln’s Inn, see London
Lockeridge (Lockridge), Upper, in Preshute, 90
Lockeridge (Lockridge), Lower, in Preshute, 90
London, pp. xvi, xviii; 32
  Charterhouse, 4 n
King’s Bench prison, 26, 35, 64, 93

Lincoln’s Inn, p. xii
Marshalsea prison, 26, 35, 37, 64, 93
Temple, Middle, 39
  and see Westminster
Long, Edw, 25
  Sir Jas, Br., 69, 72
  Jn, 10, 33
  Wm, 101
Longleat House, in Horningsham, 59
Lovell, Thos, 63
  Wm, keeper of Devizes prison, 64
Lydiard Millicent, 75

Machiavelli, Niccolò, Discourses, p. xx; 87
  The Art of War, p. xx; 99
Malmesbury (Malmsbury):
  abbey, 97
  abbot, 97-8
  deanery, 54
  dean, rural, 54
  hundred, 26-7
  constables, 65-7, 80, 83, 93-4
Malton, New, in Malton (Yorks.), 42, 104
Manchester, earl of, see Montagu, Edw
Manfield, Rob, 63
Marlborough, earl of, see Ley
Marlborough (Marleborough, Marleburgh), 12, 25, 34-5, 72, 90
  the Angel, 90-1
  division of county, p. xviii; 25, 27, 33, 79, 82, 90
  prison, 64
  keeper of, 66; and see Greeneway, Nic
Marshall, S., 104-5
Marshalsea prison, see London
Mary I, 60
Mary of Modena, duchess of York, consort of James II, p. xix; 86
Massenbie, Neville, 28
Maye, Jn, 5
Mayern, Sir Theodore, p. xvi; 4 n
Mayo, Jn, 63
Medcalfe, Wm, 101
Medlicott (Medlycott), Thos, 96, 98
Melksham (Milksham) and Trowbridge liberty, 27
  Melsham, Thos, 101
Mere hundred, 27
Merriwether, Fras, 65
Methwen (Methwin), Jn, 74
  Paul, 95
Mildenhall, 90
Milksham, see Melksham
Miller, Jn, 101
Milton Lilborne, see Clench
Modena, Mary of, see Mary of Modena
INDEX OF PERSONS AND PLACES

Molsley, —, widow, 63
Mompesson, Thos, 45
Montagu (Montague), Edw, earl of Manchester, lord chamberlain, p. xvi; 21
Jas, 57, 60, 71-3, 79-80
—, 102
Montgomery, earl of Pembroke and, see Herbert
Moore, Thos, p.
Morice, —, 105
Munday, Edw, 63

Nash, Thos, 101
—, widow, 101
Nash House, see Bremhill
Neate, Thos, 60, 62
Neston, in Corsham, 68
lands in, 69
Nethermore, ? in Pewsham, 41
Newman, Wm, 19
Wm (? another), 101
Norborne, Edw, 100
—, widow, 101
Norden (Nordern), Jn, 28, 33
Norman, Rob, 101
Norrington, Rob, 63
North, Sir Fras, chief justice of Common Pleas, justice of King’s Bench, 46, 73
Northamptonshire, lands in, pp. xv, xvii; 22, 103, 106; and see Hawny; Houghton, Great; Pytchley
Nursteed (Nusteed), in Roundway, 39
Ny, Jn, Registrar of Salisbury diocese, 16

Ogbourne (Ogborne) St. Andrew, 90
Ogbourne (Ogborne) St. George, 90
Oldfield, —, 63
Oliff, Julian, 101
Orrell, Steph, 71
Osborne, Bridget, countess of Danby, pp. xv, xxi; 53
Lady Dorothy, see Danvers, Lady Dorothy
Jn, 42, 106
Lady Sophia, pp. xv-xvi, xxi; 53 and n, 76
Thos, earl of Danby, lord treasurer, p. xv; 53, 76
fam, p. xv
Overtor, West, 90; and see Shaw
Oxford, 19
St. John’s College, p. xii

Palatinate, the, p. xx
Parker, Jn, 71
—, 63
Parsons, see Seager
Pedington or Tuck, Adam, 101

Pembroke and Montgomery, earl of, see Herbert
Peters, Lucy, 101
Pewsham, see Nethermore
Pichley, see Pytchley
Pickeringlyth, ? in Pickering (Yorks.), lands in, 42
Pierce, Dorothy, 39
Fras, 72-3
Jas, 39
Pinchin, Ric, 63
Playsteed, Gab, 101
Pledwell, Chas, 79
Pleydell, Jn, 33
Pollard, Thos, 63
Wm, 63
Poole, Edw, 28
Sir Hen, 25
Porter, Lady Ann, see Danvers, Lady Ann
Potten and Cannings hundred, 26-7
constables, 65-7, 93-4
Powell, Hugh, 11
Wm, keeper of Devizes prison, 93
Power, —, 63
Prater or Hooper, Jn, 101
—, widow, 101
Preshute, 90; and see Clatford Park; Lockeredge
Primell, Geoff, 50, 58, 101
Hen, 58, 101
Prior, Rob, 66
Pytchley (Pichley) (Northants.), lands in, 103, 106

Ramsbury hundred, 26-7
constables, 65-7, 93-4
Rawlins, Hen, 39
Raynesford, Sir Ric, justice of Common Pleas, 73
Read, Sam, 64
Recks, Phil, 101
Reeves (Reeve), Chas, 63
Richards, Rob, rector of Bromham, p. xvii; 13
Tim, rector of Bromham, p. xvii; 13-15, 58
Richmond (Surr.), p. xii; 59
Riley, —, widow, 101 n
Rochester, earl of, see Wilmot
Rodbourne (Rodborne) Cheney, 101
church, 102
lands in, 101
manor, 102
rectory, 102
Rogers, Jon, 60, 69
Rolt, Edw, 2 n
Roman, Jn, 51
Rose, Mat, 63
Roundway, 39; and see Nursteed
Rowden, see Bromham and Rowde liberty
Rowden, in Chippenham, manor, p. xvi; 7, 31, 92
Roxby House, ? in Roxby (Yorks.), 105
Rudge, in Froxfield, 64
Sadler, Wm, 28
St. John, Sir Wal, Bt., 28, 33
Salisbury (Salesbury), 23-4, 38, 46, 54, 56, 73, 95
bishop, see Ward, Seth; Duppa
city, 25, 27
dean and chapter, 39
diocese, 16, 54
chancellor, 54
registrar, see Ny
division of county, 25, 27, 33, 79, 82
palace, 54
and see Harnham hospital
Salmon, Wm, p. xiii
Salter, Wm, 63, 101
Sambrooke. Fras, deputy clerk of the peace for Wilts., 32, 34-5
Sanger, Ric., 59
Savernake Park, 90
Sclatter, Ant, 101
Scott, Edw, 101
Hen, 15
Jn, 60-1, 63, 101
Jon, 61
Seager or Parsons, Thos, 101
Seagry (Seagery), 100-1
Selfe, Jacob, 94
Thos, rector of Bromham, 2
Selkley (Selkely, Selkely) hundred, 26-7
constables, 65-7, 90, 93-4
Seymour, Sir Fras, 25
Shaw, in West Overton, 90
Sheppard, —, 101
—, widow, 101
Sherrington, 45
Sidney, Algernon, p. xi
Edw, 2
Simpkins (Sympkins), Geoff, 3
Geoff (? another), 101
Wm, 101
Sloper, Jn, 39
Smith, Jn, 101
Wm, 101
Snell, Wal, 101
Somerville, Ann, Lady Somerville, see Bayntun, Ann
Jas, Baron Somerville, 2 and n
Southampton, p. xviii; 32
Southbye, Ric, 28
Southwark (Surr.), 32
Spackman, Wm, 101
Spain, p. xx
Sparrow, Fras, 39
Jn, 63
Spencer, Chris, 63
Rob, earl of Sunderland, p. xvi
Spirthill, in Bremhill, 3, 62
Spye Park (Spy-parke), in Chittoe, pp. xi-xii; 39, 68, 90, 102
Stanley (Stanly), in Bremhill, 51, 63
bridge, 63
lands in, 101-2
manor, pp. xvi-xvii; 7, 31, 41, 92, 97-8, 101-2
bailiff, 41
court, p. xvi; 41
steward, p. xvii; 41
mills, 101
quarry, 101
tithing, 41
Stapel, see Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple hundred
Starre, Ant, 101
Stevens (Stephens), Jn, 60, 64
Ric, 60, 63
Thos, 44, 63
Wm, 29, 60
Stokes, Abjohn, 62, 79, 97
Stone, Rob, 39
Stratton, Ann, 101
Hen, 100
Jn, 100
Rebecca, 101
—, widow, 100-1
Stubbs, Thos, 3
Studley, in Trowbridge or Calne, 101
Sumner, Hen, 2
Sunderland, earl of, see Spencer, Rob
Swanborough hundred, 26-7
constables, 65-7, 93-4
Swanton, Laurence, clerk of assize, 73
Swindon, 28
Switzerland, mercenaries from, p. xx
Talbot, Sir Jn, 63
Tarrant, Rob, 101
Taylor, Watson, p. xiii
Thorpe, —, keeper of Fisherton Anger prison, 93
Thynne, Sir Jn, p. xv; 59
Stuart or Stuartia, m. Sir Edw Bayntun (d. 1679), pp. xii, xv
Sir Thos, pp. xii, xv; 59
fam., p. xv
INDEX OF PERSONS AND PLACES

Tidfall, Jn, 7, 31
—, widow, 7
Tooker, Jn, 19
Townsend (Townshend), Jn, 23
Rog, 101
Townson (Tounson), Jn, vicar of Bremhill, 96–8, 101
treasurer, lord, see Osborne, Thos
Trenchard, Wm, 95
Trehewy, Jn, 19
Trimnell, Mic, 101
Tristram, Edw, 63
Trotman, Ant, 63
Trowbridge:
division of county, 25, 27, 33, 79, 82
and see Melksham and Trowbridge liberty;
Studley
Tuck, see Pedington
Tucker, Chas, 79
Tuckett, Mervyn, 59
Tugwell, Hen, 44
Tyck, Jn, 46
Tytherton Lucas, in Chippenham, 23
Underditch hundred, 27
Union, Geo, 19, 75, 102

Vaughan, Sir Wal, 25
Villiers, Geo, duke of Buckingham, A Prophetic Lampoon, p. xix; 48

W., R., 31
Walker, Wm, 103
Wallingford House, see Westminster
Wallis, Jn, 51
Walmersley, Lady Elinor, see Danvers, Lady
Elinor
Ric, 42
Ward, Seth, bishop of Salisbury, p. xviii;
14–15, 55–7
—, 103
Warminster, 63, 70, 95
division of county, 25, 27, 33, 56, 79, 82
hundred, 27
J. P.s, 56 n
Warne, Rog, 101
—, widow, 101
Warneford, Edw, 28
Westfield, Hugh, 62
Way, Edw, 39
Webb, Ben, 77, 31, 92
Edm, 28, 101
Hen, 101
Jn, 46, 101
Wm (fl. 1675), 92
Wm (fl. 1726, ? another), 2

Weeke (unident.), 39
Weekes, Jn, 63
Weld, Sir Jn, high sheriff of Wilts., 33
Westbury hundred, 27
Westminster, 32
palace, 21
Whitehall, 16–17, 21, 40, 84, 89
palace, p. 00
Wallingford House, 53
Whitehorne, Pet. translator of Niccolò
Machiavelli, The Art of War, p. xx; 99
Whitehall, see Westminster
Whitlock, Edith, 46
Whorwell'sdown (Whoresdowne) hundred, 27
Wilcox (Wilcox), Chas, 75
Wm, 31, 92, 101
Wild, Jn, 29
Thos, 93
Wilkes (Wilks), Rob, 101
Thos, 101
Wilkins, Ann, 39
Williams, Ann, 11
Jn, 101
Williamson, J., 89
Willis, Geo, 61, 63
Giles, 103
Wilmot, Lady Ann, m. Hen Bayntun (d.
1691), p. xvi
Jn, earl of Rochester, p. xvi
Wilshiere, Thos, 101
Wm, 101
Wilton, E., p. xi
Wiltshire, Jn, 53
Wiltshire, pp. xi–xii, xiv–xv; 18, 57
commissioners for royal aid, p. 00; 28, 33
commissioners for supply, 79–80, 82–3
deputy clerk of the peace, see Dennett;
Sambrooke
divisions of county, see Chippenham;
Devizes; Marlborough; Salisbury;
Trowbridge; Warminster
hundreds, 26; and see Amesbury; Bradford;
Branch and Dole; Calne; Bishops Cannings;
Cawdon and Cadworth; Chalke; Chippenham;
Damerham, North; Damerham, South;
Downton; Dunworth; Elstubb and Everleigh;
Frostfield; Heytesbury; Highworth, Cricklade, and Staple;
Kingsbridge; Kinwardstone; Malmesbury;
Mere; Potterne and Cannings;
Ramsbury; Selkley; Swansborough;
Underditch; Warminster; Westbury;
Whorwell'sdown
bailiffs, 28
J. P. s, pp. 00, 00; 25, 32, 38, 56, 65, 67, 94
lord lieutenant, 25, 90
north, 64–5, 93–4
Record Office, p. 00
sheriff, 32–3; and see Burgess; Weld
treasurers, 35, 38
undersheriff, 66, 102
Wiltshire Archaeological Society, p. xiv
Wind, Mrs., 103
Winkworth, Hen, 63
Winterbourne Bassett, 90
Winterbourne Monkton (Winterbourne &
Mountaine), 90
Winter, Geo, Vox & Lacrimae Anglorum,
p. xix; 47
Wood, Wm, rector or curate of Great
Houghton, 103, 106
Woodcroft, Wm, heirs of, 63
Woodlands, in Corsham, 68
lands in, 69
Wrelton (Yorks.), 104
Wright, Laurence, 4 and nn
Writt, Rob, 63
Wroughton, Fras, 33
Wroughton, constables and tithingmen, 91
Wyatt, Thos, rector of Bromham, p. xvii; 14
and n, 97
Yatton Keynell (Yeaton Keynel), 64
York, duke of, see James
duchess of, see Mary of Modena
Yorke, Chas, 82
Wm, 9, 33
Yorkshire, lands in, pp. xv, xvii; 22, 105;
and see Malton, New; Pickeringlyth;
Roxby House; Wrelton
Young, Ann, 39
Hen, 39